

EXCHANGE:
Closing Quotations:—
T.T. London 2s. 6½d.
On Demand 2s. 6.11-16d.

The Hongkong Telegraph

(ESTABLISHED 1851.)

Copyright 1917, by the Proprietor.

WEATHER FORECAST
FAIR.
Barometer 29.60

July 5, 1917. Temperature 6 a.m. 79 2 p.m. 86
Humidity 89 87

July 5, 1916. Temperature 6 a.m. 82 2 p.m. 87
Humidity 86 72

7699 日七十月五

THURSDAY, JULY 5, 1917.

四拜禮 號五月 英曆

SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS.
\$35 PER ANNUM.

TELEGRAMS.

[Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph."]

ANOTHER RAID ON ENGLAND.

German Aeroplanes Over Essex Coast.

London, July 4.

The Press Bureau announces:—Enemy aeroplanes appeared over the Essex Coast at seven in the morning. Anti-aircraft guns came into action. Some bombs were dropped, but details have not yet been received.

Fourteen Aeroplanes Visit Harwich.

London, July 4.

The Press Bureau announces that from twelve to fourteen aeroplanes attacked Harwich from the north-east this morning. Latest reports show that eight were killed and twenty-two injured. There was slight material damage. Anti-aircraft guns broke up the enemy's formation, but low-lying clouds rendered visibility bad. Our aircraft engaged the raiders, who turned seaward without attempting to penetrate inland. The raid lasted only a few minutes.

ANGLO-GERMAN PRISONERS CONFERENCE.

Some Beneficent Results Achieved.

London, July 4.

From The Hague it is reported that the Anglo-German War Prisoners Conference has resulted in agreements most beneficial to combatant and civilian prisoners.

The result of the discussions, which included the extension of the system of internment in neutral countries and punishments as reprisals, has been to remove various misapprehensions.

The Queen received the delegates at separate audiences on Saturday.

It is officially announced that Holland has agreed to receive a maximum of 16,000 prisoners, and the delegates have gratefully received the offer.

The Foreign Minister, who presided, in closing the meeting dwelt upon the conciliatory spirit of the negotiations, and reminded the delegates that the belligerents could always count on Holland's assistance in bringing them together for similar purposes.

GERMAN GENERAL AT AUSTRIAN HEADQUARTERS.

Hindenburg's Faith in Submarines.

London, July 4.

Reuter's correspondent at Amsterdam says it is announced from Berlin that General von Hindenburg and General Ludendorff have arrived at the Austrian Headquarters and had an audience of the Emperor.

Simultaneously, the Austro-German papers publish a statement inspired by General von Hindenburg, obviously designed for Austrian consumption, in which he says "Victory is ours if we hold out till the submarines have done their work. They will soon force our enemies to make peace. The latter know this; hence they continue their hopeless attacks." The statement concludes by saying "Our alliance with Austria is unshakable."

INDEPENDENCE DAY.

Stars and Stripes Over British Parliament.

London, July 4.

His Majesty the King ordered that the American flag be flown from Parliament Houses to-day.

Paris Celebrations.

London, July 4.

According to Reuter's correspondent at Paris an American Battalion has arrived to participate in Independence Day celebrations.

SWEDISH TRAWLERS SUNK.

London, July 4.

Reuter's correspondent at Copenhagen says that several Swedish trawlers have been sunk by German submarines.

THE RACIAL TROUBLE IN AMERICA.

London, July 4.

Reuter's correspondent at New York says that the casualties at East St. Louis will probably never be known, as many have been incinerated. Up to the present, the bodies of twenty-four negroes and three whites have been recovered. The situation appears to be in hand.

THE COTTON SITUATION.

London, July 4.

The cotton trade is very satisfied with Government control. The opinion is generally expressed that as there is plenty of cotton abroad, the Government should make a big effort to provide ships to fetch it, so as to keep the 800 cotton mills, employing 300,000 workers, going.

FRENCH DESTROYER SUNK.

London, July 4.

According to Reuter's correspondent at Paris, a torpedo boat destroyer, while conveying a merchant ship on June 28, sank in the Mediterranean. Twenty-nine are missing.

AMNESTY FOR AUSTRIAN POLITICAL OFFENDERS.

London, July 4.

Reuter's correspondent at Amsterdam states that Emperor Karl has granted an amnesty to political offenders.

TELEGRAMS.

[Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph."]

SUBMARINES ATTACK U.S. TRANSPORTS.

More Than One U-boat Believed Destroyed.

London, July 4.

According to Reuter's correspondent at Washington, it is officially announced that German submarines twice attacked, in force, transports containing the first of the American expeditions to France, but they were fought off by American destroyers. A least one submarine was destroyed. The announcement further says:—"There is reason to believe that the accuracy of our fire sent others to the bottom. No American ship was hit, nor was any life lost."

For purposes of convenience, the expedition was divided into contingents, each including a naval escort, designed to keep off the raiders. Additionally, ocean rendezvous were arranged with American destroyers operating in European waters to afford protection in the danger zone.

The first attack took place late on the night of June 22. What gives it a peculiar disturbing significance is that our ships were attacked at a point well on the west side of the rendezvous, in a part of the Atlantic presumed to be free from submarines. Darkness prevented the counting of at least the number of submarines gathered for what they deemed slaughter. Our heavy gunfire scattered the enemy, who launched at least five torpedoes.

The second attack occurred a few days later against another contingent, at a point beyond the rendezvous of the destroyers, who not only held the submarines at a safe distance, but their speed resulted in their sinking at least one. Oil and wreckage covered the sea after the shot at the periscope. The destroyers used grenades which were timed to explode when a certain distance under water.

GREEK NATION FREE.

To Fulfill Obligations Towards Serbia.

London, July 4.

According to Reuter's correspondent at Athens, telegrams have been exchanged between M. Pashitch and M. Venizelos. The latter says that the Greek nation is now free and considers its first care faithfully to execute the obligations of the Alliance with Serbia.

DUTCH POTATO RIOTS.

Serious Street Battles Reported.

London, July 4.

Reuter's correspondent at Amsterdam says that the potato riots were much more serious than at first reported. Crowds looted the potatoes from barges and railway trucks.

Street battles occurred with the police. Soldiers came up, but the crowds were defiant. Women bared their breasts and dared the soldiers to shoot. Eventually the soldiers fired, killed one and wounding many. Three policemen were seriously injured.

Strike Movement Manifested.

London, July 4.

Reuter's correspondent at Amsterdam states that a section of the soldiers who refused to fire on the potato rioters were marched off by officers amid the cheers of the crowd.

The market is guarded by troops.

Yesterday the disturbances were not renewed, but most of the dockers struck work as a protest against the method of distributing potatoes.

Builders' labourers are striking sympathetically. The Burgomaster has prohibited open-air meetings.

WESTERN FRONT DEVELOPMENTS.

More Artillery Activity.

London, July 4.

A French communique states:—There is considerable artillery activity north of St. Quentin, on the left bank of the Meuse, towards Hill 304, and in Champagne on the Montmillet and Monteton sectors.

Renewed German Aerial Activity.

London, July 4.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig states:—There is considerable reciprocal artillery firing in the region of Ypres.

There was an enemy raid south-east of L. Venise.

Hostile aerial activity has markedly increased.

Our aeroplanes participated in successful artillery firing and bombing raids. Four German aeroplanes were brought down and two driven down. One of our machines is missing.

Activity at Numerous Points.

London, July 4.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports that there is considerable reciprocal artillery firing at numerous points.

BRUGES DOCKS RAIDED.

Several Tons of Bombs Dropped.

London, July 4.

The Admiralty announces that on the night of July 2 and 3 we carried out raids on Bruges Docks and Lichtervelde ammunition depots.

Several tons of bombs were dropped, with good results. All the machines returned safely.

THE WAR ON NORWEGIAN SHIPPING.

London, July 4.

Reuter's is informed that the Norwegian shipping losses during June were forty-three ships, with a tonnage of 80,000 tons. The losses were due to German submarines and mines. Twenty-six lives were lost.

TELEGRAMS.

[Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph."]

RUSSIA'S BRILLIANT OFFENSIVE.

London, Paris and Petrograd Delighted.

London, July 4.

London and Paris are unshaken and Petrograd is abuzz with enthusiasm at the resumption of the Russian offensive, with its already brilliant success and promise of greater to follow.

Pro-war and Pro-Ally demonstrations are now being held in Petrograd for the first time since the Revolution. Sir George Buchanan and Mr. A. Henderson had to appear on the balcony of the British Embassy to reply to the cheering demonstrators.

It is recognised in London and Paris that the battle now begun will probably take weeks to reach its conclusions. The first staggering blow on a twenty-mile front has been dealt to General Brusiloff's old antagonist, General von Bothmer. The General Commanding is General Gutor, a young officer who recently succeeded General Gourko.

But there are indications that the battle is spreading to the north. A German communique already announces increased fighting activity between the Baltic and the Pripiet, while from Petrograd comes the news that a Russian advance guard re-crossed the Stokhod in the direction of Covel, after a mine explosion and then a surprise attack, which captured the Austrian trenches.

The Germans were alarmed to find the Russians well-equipped in their defences in the hilly and wooded Berezany area, which included special redoubts which required long artillery hammering before attack was possible.

It is noteworthy that a Russian communique mentions as gallant attackers a Finnish Division and a Brigade of Cossaks and Slovaks. The latter are believed to have formerly been in the Austrian service. M. Kerasny has ordered them to be decorated with red cordons and specially styled "First of July." The regiment's offensive has already affected the Austrian pressure on the Italian front and its extension to the north is bound to relieve the Anglo-French front.

LORD HARDINGE.

His Resignation Advocated.

London, July 4.

The Daily Telegraph says that it refrains from criticising Lord Hardinge for fore-stalling the general debate, because no argument could be too soon for insisting upon the magnitude of India's contribution to the war. It points out that Lord Hardinge is silent upon one matter which general common-sense has seized upon as the most deplorably weak and unbusiness-like of all the administrative facilities with which the Commissioners dealt, namely the practice of governing the Indian Empire, to say nothing of conducting a military effort of unparalleled magnitude, from the hill-top of the Himalayas. It says that a thorough reform of the Higher Command in the administration of India, which is a proved and pressing necessity, should firstly include the removal of this strange institution.

The Morning Post says it is a pity that Lord Hardinge has not resigned, for he has been condemned by an impartial tribunal and his position in these circumstances cannot add strength to the Foreign Office.

"DISGRACEFUL" SHIPPING PROFITS.

Mr. Bonar Law's Pointed Disclosures.

London, July 4.

Mr. Bonar Law, replying to complaints in the House of Commons that the Government was raising ship owners, said that it was absolutely disgraceful that any class in wartime should be able to make such profits as he was about to disclose. He invested £8,110 in fifteen Companies, all operating tramp steamers, and he received £3,623 interest in 1915 and £2,847 in 1916, exclusive of extra profits. One steamer was sold or sunk; he had invested £200 in that ship, and, besides handsome dividends, received a further £1,000.

THE NORTH SEA DANGER ZONE.

London, July 4.

According to Reuter's correspondent at The Hague, an extraordinary meeting of the Cabinet Council has considered the extension of the North Sea danger zone, cabled on July 1. The Foreign Minister announced that the British Government had had its attention drawn to the matter.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE WESTERN FRONT.

Violent Attacks by the Enemy.

London, July 3.

A French communique says:—Yesterday, in the evening, after bombardment, the Germans made a series of violent attacks on the trenches which we had recaptured on both sides of the Paisy-Ailles Road. A most violent night-long struggle ended in the complete defeat of the enemy. We maintained all our positions. The artillery duel increased in intensity at midnight at Hill 304. In the Avocourt Wood sector, the Germans in the early morning attacked on a front of five-hundred metres at the south-eastern extremity of the wood, but our fire smashed the assaulting waves, which were unable to reach our lines.

A German wireless official message says that two French attacks south-east of Cerny broke down.

British Raids.

London, July 3.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports: We successfully raided to the west of Havrincourt and northward of Nieuport. We drove off an attack to the south of Coquel River. (Continued on page 8.)

ASIA MINOR.

Reported Allied Understanding.

Nice, France, April 28.—In the quiet haven of Nice, lying outside the storm and stress of the war, with its concourse of those resting momentarily from the fray or healing their wounds before re-entering it—the usual pleasure seekers have disappeared and the hotels and hospitals—a good place to take a quiet general survey. The nearest to the frontier brings in the evening, the morning's Italian and Swiss papers besides those from Paris. There is deep satisfaction here with America's entry into the war. President Wilson's message to Congress in its French translation, remains posted everywhere.

The Corriere della Sera, of Milan, April 28, publishes an important statement—in view of the approaching dissolution of the Ottoman Empire, concerning the agreement arrived at during the recent conference at Saint-Jean-de-Maurienne, between Italy, France, and England, on the different spheres of influence of the three Great Powers in Asia Minor. Among many questions discussed, particularly relevant, on account of the advance of English troops in Palestine, is the future status of the Holy Land. The decision taken, says the Corriere della Sera, for the participation of France and Italy in the present expedition, is but the happy prelude of the future internationalisation of the Holy Land and northern Palestine.

The representatives of the Allies at Saint-Jean-de-Maurienne had also to discuss the problem of the larger respective spheres of influence. And the Italian paper continues: "Particularly in dealing with Smyrna, Adana, and Alexandrette, a conciliatory attitude on all sides was necessary in the transactions, and the official announcement that a complete accord had been arrived at, proves that these delicate questions were solved to the satisfaction of the three Allies. The paper leaves it to be understood that Smyrna has been reserved to Italy, after important compensation had been awarded to France in another direction."

Much is said in the Italian press of Italian Irredentism. There is a lack of generosity in its silence—in the silence of the inspired press on Greece Irredentism. But the Greeks of Asia Minor and the voice of Venice must be heard in the settlement after the war.

The ecumenical world in Rome follows with an interest that is to be easily understood the victorious march of the English army towards Jerusalem. The occupation of the Holy City is only a matter of time, and it interests not only the Christian world, but the Hebrew race everywhere.

How shall we sing the Lord's song in a strange land?

If I forget thee, O Jerusalem, let my right hand forget her cunning.

And the race that gave the Bible to the world deserves to be heard in any a-ri-tem that is made. The chief pre-occupation of the Holy See, says the correspondent in Rome of the Journal de Geneve, is that the dream of Zionism should not be realised, and that Palestine, instead of becoming a Jewish state, should remain the inalienable property of the Christian Powers.

DON'T FORGET.

TU-DAY.

Victoria Theatre—9.15 p.m.
Bijou Theatre—9.15 p.m.
New Hongkong Cinematograph—9.15 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Victoria Theatre—9.15 p.m.
Bijou Theatre—9.15 p.m.
New Hongkong Cinematograph—9.15 p.m.

Saturday, July 7.

This! Gymkhana Meeting
Happy Valley 3.30 p.m.

NOTICES.

EXPANDED METAL

FOR PLASTER WORK AND RE-REINFORCED CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION

AS FOR
USED IN FLOOR.
NUMEROUS ROOF.
IMPORTANT FOUNDATION.
WORKS WALL.
IN ETC.

GREAT BRITAIN AND AMERICA.

STOCK LIST, PAMPHLETS, AND PRICES ON APPLICATION.

Quotations for description of Machinery or Engineering Plans on application to

DODWELL & CO., LTD., Machinery Dept.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

New Scheme for Children's Early Endowment:-

Principal features: Small Premium, Liberal Surrender Value,
No Medical Examination, Return of Premium in the Event of Death,
and Numerous Options at the Age of 25.

WRITE FOR PAMPHLET AND FULL PARTICULARS TO

DODWELL & CO., LTD. Agents.

YALE CHAIN BLOCKS.

TRIPLEX, DUPLEX, & DIFFERENTIAL
TROLLEYS & TROLLEY TRUCKS.
CRANES &c.

SOLE AGENTS:-

BRADLEY & CO., LTD. MACHINERY, DEPT.

QUEEN'S BUILDING, CHATER ROAD, HONGKONG.

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1883.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE MANILA ROPE

8 STRAND 1 1/2 to 1 5/8" CIRCUMFERENCE
CABLE LAID 5" to 15" CIRCUMFERENCE
4 STRAND 3" to 10" CIRCUMFERENCE

Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length.
Prices, Samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application.
SHEWAN TOMES & CO., General Managers.

CAPE WHITE WINES.

DRACKENSTEIN
&
JAGGER CUP.

SHIPPED BY

J. SEDGWICK & CO., LTD.

CAPE TOWN.

SOLE AGENTS:-

CALDBECK
MACGREGOR
& Co.,

15, Queen's Road.

TELEPHONE NO. 75.

NORTH BRITISH

AND

MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.,

in which are vested the shares of
THE OCEAN MARINE
INSURANCE CO., LTD.

AND

THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE CO.

The Undersigned AGENTS for
the above Company are prepared to
ACCEPT RISKS against
FIRE at Current Rates.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

Agents.

Yorkshire

Insurance Co., Ltd.

ESTABLISHED 1884.

The Undersigned AGENTS for
the above Company are
prepared to ACCEPT RISKS
against FIRE at Current Rates.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

AGENTS.

HOTELS AND CAFES.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL

AND

GRILL ROOM.

J. H. TAGGART, Manager.

PEAK HOTEL.

1,400 FEET ABOVE SEA LEVEL

FIFTEEN MINUTES FROM PRINCIPAL LANDING STAGE.

First-class Restaurant and Tourist Hotel. Unrivalled for Comfort, Health, and
Scenery. Telephone in Every Room; prompt service and excellent food. Open from 10.30 a.m. to 11.30 p.m.
For further particulars apply to:- CHARLES MORRIS, Manager.

P. O. PEUSTER, Manager.

GRAND HOTEL.

A first-class and up-to-date Hotel, most central location, within the vicinity of all the
principal Banks. Noted for the best Food, Refreshments, Accommodation, and all conveniences.
A first-class string Orchestra, renders selections from 3.30 p.m. to 11.30 p.m.

Special monthly terms for residents and for Shanghai people.

For further particulars apply to:- CHARLES MORRIS, Manager.

Telephone No. 197. Telegraphic Address "COMFORT".

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

CENTRAL LOCATION.

ELECTRIC LIFTS AND LIGHTING.

TELEPHONE ON EACH FLOOR.

HOTEL LAUNCH MEETS ALL STEAMERS.

Tel. 373. Telegraphic Address: "VICTORIA".

J. WITCHELL, Manager.

STATION HOTEL.

KOWLOON.

First class and most up-to-date Residential and Tourist Hotel. Two minutes
from the Ferry. Moderate tariff and most excellent cuisine under entirely European
management. Monthly and Family rates can be arranged on most reasonable
terms.

Apply:- THE MANAGERESS, Kowloon.

Telegraphic Address: "TERMOVEL" Code Used; A.B.G. 5th Edn.

PRIVATE HARTING HOTEL.

AUSTIN ROAD, KOWLOON.

EVERY Comfort. Large and airy Rooms, suitable for Married
Couples or Single Ladies or Gentlemen. Excellent Cuisine
under the Personal Supervision of the Proprietress.

Tel. No. K 295. MRS. E. O. MURPHY, Proprietress.

NEW MACAO HOTEL.

PRAYA GRANDE, MACAO.

The above Hotel was opened on August 1st, 1914, under new proprietorship and Management. The
Hotel now offers, for Residents and Tourists, excellent accommodation. Large dining room facing the sea.
It has been entirely renovated throughout and newly furnished, and is now up-to-date in every respect.
Large and airy rooms, excellent sanitary arrangements, Hot and Cold Bath, Electric light and Fan,
Private and Public Bar and Billiards. Terms Moderate. For further information apply to
THE MANAGER.

Telegraphic Address: "Phonix".

Grand Hotel de l'Europe, Singapore.

UNDER NEW BRITISH MANAGEMENT.

THE PREMIER HOTEL. FINEST SITUATION.
EXCELLENT CUISINE.

ARTHUR E. ODELL,

(Late Grand Hotel, Southcliffe, England, and
Royal Palace Hotel, London, W.E.)

ALEXANDRA CAFE.

Our Bread is made from the Best Quality Flour only and can be obtained and orders taken at
ALL WEE'S BAKERY, 11, Peking Road, ON LEE Comproder, Haiphong Road, HONG KONG, CHINA.
Comproder, Haiphong Road, KWONG FOOK, Comproder, Haiphong Road, KWONG YUEN MOW,
Comproder, Haiphong Road.
Orders may be left with the above for any of our products. We put up absolutely the best Tiffins
and Dinners - new Menu for Each Meal. Price one Dollar Each, or 30 Meals for \$30.00 good for any
meal, or a la Carte up to 75 cents.
We guarantee everything put up and sold by the Alexandra Cafe to be of first Class Quality. Try
our own make Pork Sausages and Pork Pie, Pure Java Coffee Roasted and Ground Daily and put up in
1 lb. Tins at 40 cents. We give you a Splendid Cup of Lipton's Tea. Minerals and soft drinks of every
description.
Just give us a Trial and you will be more than satisfied.

R. J. HOWARD, Sole Proprietor.

NOTICES.

DRAGON MOTOR CAR Co.

MOTOR CARS FOR HIRE & SALE.

PROMPT SERVICE.

Sole Distributors for South China and Macao for the
OVERLAND and HUDSON Motor Cars, the TRUM-
BULL Cycle Cars, NEW COMET and the HARLEY
DAVIDSON Motor Cycles.

KOWLOON BRANCH, 26, NATHAN ROAD, TEL. 428.

PROPRIETOR, C. LAURITSEN. Tel. 482.

FRENCH LESSONS.

C. MOUSSON,

15, Morrison Hill Road.

NOTICES.

Glaxo

Gold Medal International Medical Congress Exhibition.

By Royal Appointment to the Court of Spain.

Builds Bonnie Babies

To be obtained at all Chemists & Stores.

ASK YOUR DOCTOR!

THE JUNGNER

ELECTRIC ACCUMULATOR.

Strong, solid and compact. Iron and Nickel Electrodes
with caustic potash in strong iron box. Minimum use of
materials. May be charged a thousand times without
lowering its efficiency; may be charged and discharged
in minimum time and to its full extent without
injury. May be kept unloaded for any length of time
and is absolutely safe from self-discharging when
left loaded and out of use. Salt water has no
injurious effect on the accumulator. An ideal
accumulator for any kind of lighting or ignition device.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF ACCUMULATORS AND CELLS.

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

THE "NIFE" LANTERN.

AN ELECTRIC ACCUMULATOR HAND-LANTERN.

(SWEDISH MAKE).

HAS JUST ARRIVED.

SOLE AGENTS FOR CHINA:-

A. B. THE SWEDISH TRADING CO., LTD.

Telephone No. 171. YORK BUILDING (TOP FLOOR).

"THISTLE" BRAND

HAMS.

BACON.

RENOVED

EVERYWHERE

FOR THEIR

UNIFORM

EXCELLENCE



SPECIALLY

CURED

FOR

TROPICAL

MARKETS

TO BE FOUND ON THE BEST TABLES.

JUST ARRIVED

"Indian" Motorcycles

ALL MODELS

"COUNT THE INDIANS ON THE ROAD."

24 H.P. Lightweight opposed cylinders Price \$500.00
5 " Little Twin " " " " \$650.00
7-9 " Big Twin Powerplus " " " \$750.00
7-9 " Big Twin Powerplus (Electric Model) \$850.00

Largest and most complete stock of Motor Cycles in Hongkong

ALEX. ROSS & CO.

4, Des Vaux Road Central.

GENERAL NEWS.

Death of a Golf Champion.
David Watt, the holder of the
Scottish professional golf cham-
pionship, died of his wounds in
a Kent war hospital.

M.P.'s Sea Wounded and Missing.

Sir Charles Hilton Seely, M.P.
for the Mansfield Division, has
received official news that his
eldest son is reported wounded
and missing in Palestine.

A Butcher's Failure.

An Earl's Court butcher at the
London Bankruptcy Court said
his failure was due to the high
prices of meat and to the regula-
tions of the Food Controller in
limiting consumption.

Horses and the War.

Colonel Sir E. Ward, presiding
at the annual meeting of the
B.S.P.C.A., said the percentage
of animals cured in this war had
been up to 80 per cent, whereas
in the South African war the
wastage of horses was 60 per cent.

Rapid Sale of Jewellery.

Within three minutes at
Christie's recently three necklaces
realised £3,000, and over £40,000
worth of jewellery was sold in an
hour. A nine-row pearl necklace
belonging to the late Sir Joseph
Beecham sold for £1,050.

Lord Desborough's Prophecy.

"This year" will see "Prussian
military despotism" enabled for
ever and a day to "dominate"
bringing prosperity to all
sections of the community," said
Lord Desborough at the annual
meeting of the London Chamber
of Commerce.

A "Mild" Explosion.

It was officially stated with
regard to the rumour that an
explosion had occurred at munition
works in North London,
that no untoward incident of any
importance took place, no appreci-
able damage was done, and no
personal injuries were sustained.

Then She Collapsed!

A woman sleep-walker, clad
only in her nightdress, was
walking in the middle of the
High-road, at North Finchley,
recently, threading her way
through the traffic, tramcars, and
motors. When a "policeman"
touched her on the shoulder she
immediately awoke, and then
collapsed.

The Even-Tenor of Their Way.

In the course of the hearing of
a claim before the War Losses
Commission at Gadsby the
claimant said that there had
been practically no interruption
of fishing off the coast of Ireland
during the war through U-boats.
Beyond the landing of Sir Roger
Casement, no German submarine
had been near the Irish coast.

Alsace-Lorraine.

Notwithstanding denials in
official Bavarian quarters, the
Yassacis affirms that plans for
the division of Alsace-Lorraine,
without the consent of the in-
habitants, between Prussia and
Bavaria exist. "It is not in the minds
of the Prussian and Bavarian
Governments," then in those of
the Pan-Germans. The *Kreuz
Zeitung* considers it desirable that
the new order of things be ac-
complished as soon as possible.

Land Women's Wages.

During her address to women
in Manchester recently on the
Government appeal for 10,000
women for the land, Miss Violet
Mackintosh told the audience in
emphatic agreement with the
criticism that the wages offered
(18s. per week as a minimum) are
not adequate. "She pointed out
that girls, in view of their
country's need, must look at the
sum not as wages, but as main-
tenance during training. Remem-
bering the probable status and
importance of farming and garden-
ing after the war, it would, she
said, be worth just while."

Sir Francis Pigott as Editor.

In Pitt's time, as at present,
there was much discussion as to
the treatment of neutral shipping
by the British Navy; and James
Stephen, grandfather of Sir
James Fitz James Stephen, stated
the case against the neutrals
in a pamphlet called "War
in Disguise, or the Friends
of the Neutral Flag." This has
now been edited by Sir Francis
Pigott (Hodder and Stoughton,
5s. net), and republished. The
logic of the editor's extreme
attitude, it seems to me, would
justify the German as well as the
British measures against neutral
shipping. At the same time, the
book is of great historical
significance.

GENERAL NEWS.

Utilisation of Day-light.
Mr. Noel Buxton proposes to ask the Prime Minister whether he will consider the advisability of further extending the advantage of the daylight-saving system by utilising a second hour during the period of longest daylight, so as to produce a maximum of economy in national resources.

Wealthy Banker's Will.
The following wills have been proved:—Mr. Ernest Ruffar, Gloucester House, Piccadilly, senior partner in A. Ruffar and Sons, foreign bankers and merchants, £257,952.—Mr. Edward Martin Goodman, Ledbury, late of Birmingham, merchant, £34,712.

U. S. Model Camps.
In preparation for the training of the first 500,000 men the United States Army authorities are establishing 32 model camps in different parts of the country. The camps will be wooden towns, each covering about a square mile, with a large area adjoining for drilling.

"Tommy" As Farm Hand.
M. Pierre Mills, special correspondent of the *Times* at the British front, describes the work of the British Army in helping on the French harvest. Each Army Corps, he says, has 500 trained workers supervised by officers, who before the war were agricultural engineers.

Body of Prussian Prince.
Lord Robert Cecil, for the Foreign Office, stated in the House of Commons recently that a neutral Sovereign had requested that the body of Prince Frederick Carl of Prussia, killed in an aeroplane, be returned to Germany. At present it was impossible to return the Prince's body as suggested.

The Landsturm.
A letter addressed by the Prussian Minister of War to a member of the Reichstag appears in the *Schlesische Nachrichten*, outlining a new scheme by which all members of the Landsturm over 45 years of age who have served six months in the firing line are to be sent home for "less dangerous work." Part of this, it is explained, will consist of replacing obstinate strikers in the munition factories.

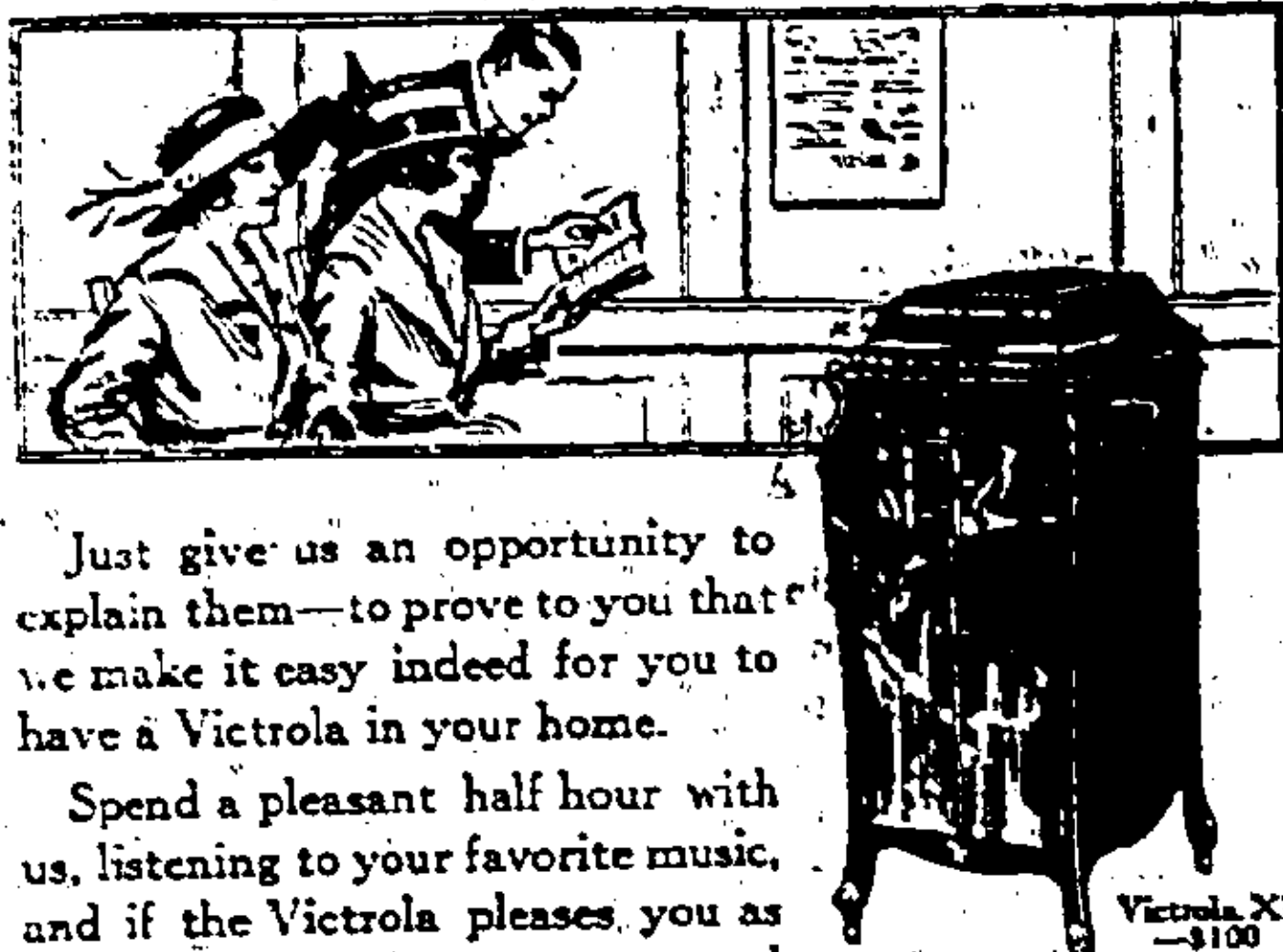
Women Clerks for France.
There is, we learn from a Home paper, need for more women clerks for the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps to serve in France and release men for the front. The War Office requires a steady stream of from 200 to 300 a week for some weeks. They will be employed in the Pay Department, as clerks in canteens and clubs, as storekeepers, typists, and stenographers, and in general clerical work.

Pooling Petroleum.
It was officially announced through the Press Bureau recently that by the requirement of the Government the principal petroleum companies have arranged to pool their distributing facilities in Great Britain and also the tonnage employed in bringing supplies to the United Kingdom, with the object of releasing men for the Army and effecting economy in various directions. A Controlling Board, with Mr. E. Houghton Fry (Director of Munitions Petroleum Supplies) as chairman, has been appointed by the Government, the office being at the Ministry of Munitions, 8, Northumberland Avenue, S.W. The Board will have the title, "Pool Board Petroleum Supplies," and will consist of representatives of the principal oil companies.

Bible in Many Lands.
The Premier's journey to France prevented his taking the chair at the annual meeting of the British and Foreign Bible Society at Queen's Hall recently. His place was taken by Sir Robert Borden. From the secretary, the Rev. A. Taylor, the crowded assembly heard that, despite the problems of publication in these days, and the difficulty of sending books across the sea, some millions of Bibles were sent to India, China, and other parts of the world during the year, and seven new languages were added to the list, making the total number of tongues in which the society has circulated the Scriptures 504. Sir Robert Borden said democracy must be guided by the Bible.

NOTICES.

Let us show you *how easy*
our easy terms are
on Victrolas



Just give us an opportunity to explain them—to prove to you that we make it easy indeed for you to have a Victrola in your home.

Spend a pleasant half hour with us, listening to your favorite music, and if the Victrola pleases you as we believe it will, just say a word to us and we shall send the very instrument of your choice right to your home.

Perhaps you do not care to get a Victrola at this time. In that case come in purely as our guest and hear any of our Victor music.

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

MOUTRIE'S



N. LAZARUS,
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIAN.
THE ONLY
EUROPEAN OPTICIAN
IN THE COLONY.

DOCTORS' PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY FILLED.
N. LAZARUS,
NOTE THE ADDRESS. OPTHALMIC OPTICIAN
28, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

DYING GERMAN PRINCE.

"If I am Anything, I am a Sport."

Glimpses of the last days of Prince Karl Friedrich, nephew of the Kaiser, who was wounded when flying and taken prisoner by the Australians, are given in the account sent home by the Rev. M. Caldwell, a Baptist minister, who is official chaplain to the German prisoners in the General Hospital in France. It appears in the *British Weekly*.

"The Australians, whose prisoner I became," the Prince told Mr. Caldwell, "treated me with the greatest kindness. They are sportsmen and great men. I have a wonderful admiration for them. If I am anything, I am a sport. I have played tennis with Wilding and other first-class players. I shall never forget the jolly time I had in England when I played them all. The kindness which has surrounded me since I became a prisoner has brought back the memory of those days. The Australians were good to me; the officers and soldiers who attended me coming down the line were very considerate, and the whole atmosphere of this hospital is kindness. I am grateful to you and all who wish me well. I lie here a helpless prisoner, but I have no regrets. I did my best for my country, and I am not sorry I am finished with the war, I want to live. I am young and when the war is over I shall go back and help to build up my nation again."

"He shook hands with me each time I came and went," says Mr. Caldwell. An hour or so before he died he prayed with him. He was very weak and ill. When I finished he opened his eyes, and with a smile said: "Thank you, thank you very much." He soon fell into unconsciousness, from which he never recovered."

BISHOPS AND DRINK.

Cautious Acceptance of State Purchase Proposal.

Bishops in Convocation recently discussed State purchase of the liquor trade. They accepted the "principle of the proposal," but desired, before pledging themselves to support any particular measure, "to see the proposal formulated and to know its range and character."

The Bishop of Bristol, in moving the House's concurrence with the resolution of the Lower House in favour of State purchase, said that prohibition was not endorsed by the trade unions, and unless they could get a large body of support from the working classes they would only meet disaster. He advocated State purchase, with some form of local option and prohibition.

The Bishop of Lincoln thought that the proposal was inopportune at a moment when the country needed money so badly. It would create a drink department in the State, and the people would be dissatisfied if it did not make a profit.

The Bishop of London said he would not support the proposal, because he thought it was dangerous and humiliating. If, however, the Government said that they must have either purchase or prohibition, he would accept the responsibility of the Government and support their action.

NOTICE.

THE HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA WAR SAVINGS ASSOCIATION.

APPLICATION forms for Membership of the above Association may be obtained from all the Banks or from the undersigned.

THE UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LTD.
Honorary Secretaries & Treasurers.

Hongkong, 15th January, 1917.

Prepaid Advertisements.
ONE CENT PER WORD
FOR EACH INSERTION.

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET.—SHOP in Chater Road, next to Moutrie's. Lane at rear. Suitable for Offices. Apply—Clark & Co.

TO BE LET.—Kowloon, FURNISHED or UNFURNISHED ROOM. Board if desired. Apply 6, Victoria View.

TO BE LET.—A FIVE-ROOMED house with Tennis Court in Minden Villas, Kowloon.
A FLAT in Nathan Road, Kowloon.

Apply to:—
HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD.,
Alexandra Buildings.

TO BE LET.—OFFICES at 2, Connaught Road, C.
OFFICES in King's & York Buildings.

HOUSES in Clifton Gardens, Conduit Road.
HOUSES in Broadwood & Morston Terraces.
HOUSES on Sharncliffe, CANTON.

HOUSES TO LET.—Wong-neichong Road.
Apply to:—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd.

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET.—Cool airy TOP FLAT in quiet part of Kowloon. Furnish'd. Modern Sanitary Arrangements. Seven minutes to Ferry. Moderate Rent. Box W. c/o "Hongkong Telegraph."

TO BE LET.—First class FURNISHED ROOMS, suitable for Single Men, or Married Couples, with or without board. Electric Light and Bell. use of Telephone. Terms moderate. Tel. No. K. 3. Apply T. E. Hall, Palace Hotel, Kowloon.

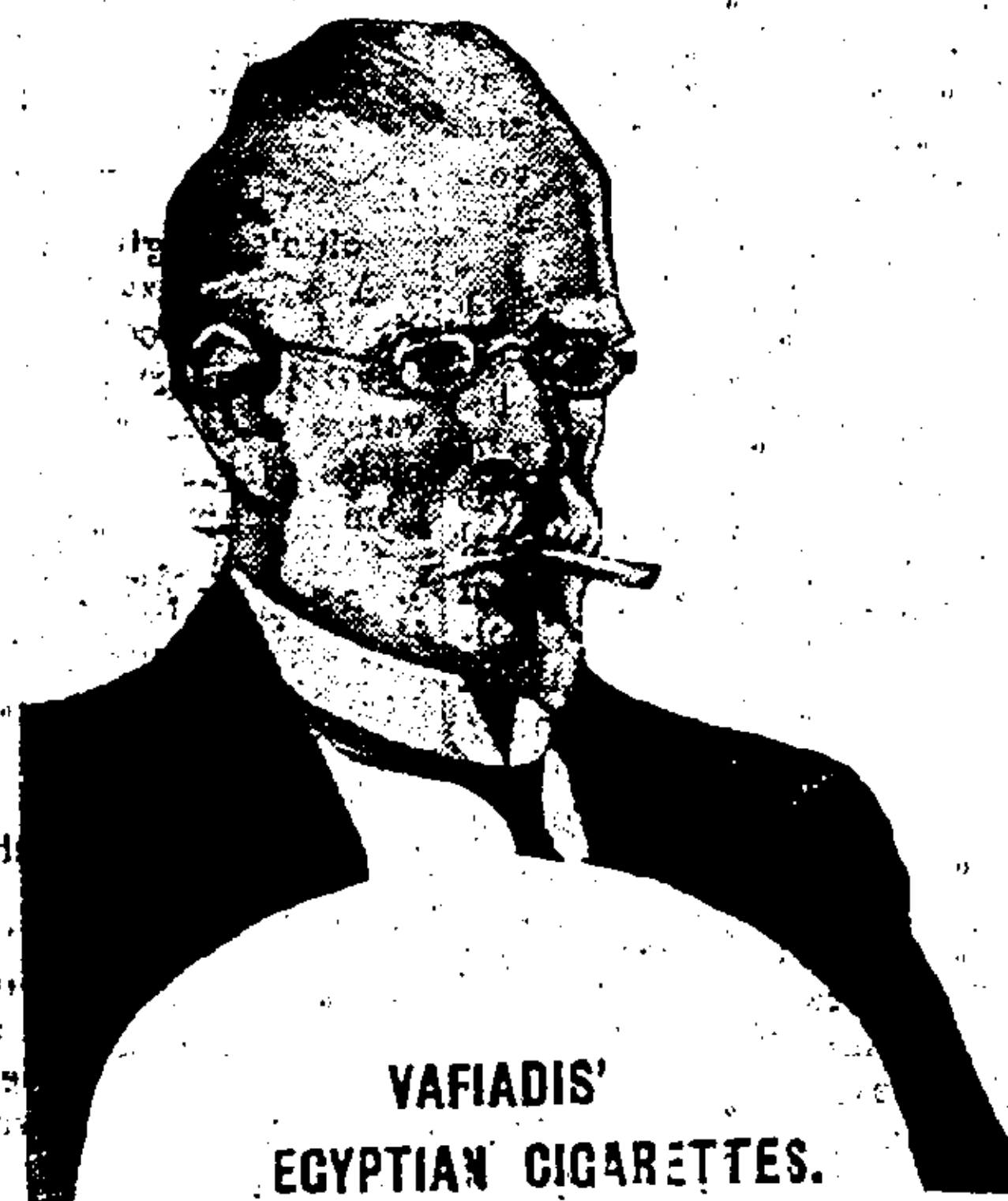
WANTED.

WANTED.—A HOUSE 7 or 8 rooms with bathrooms, servants' quarters. Upper or lower level. Apply:—W. R. c/o "Hongkong Telegraph."

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—CORONA TYPEWRITER including carrying case. Light, convenient, durable, nearly new. Price \$95. 22, Granville Avenue, Kowloon.

NOTICES.



VAFIADIS' EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.

Imperial Bouquet per 100	\$5.30
Crown Prince " " 100	4.65
" " " 50	2.35
" " " 10	.50
Extra Fine (Grand Format) 50	2.35
Nectar " 50	2.35
Yildiz " 25	1.10
Club Size " 10	.40
Non Plus Ultra 100	3.60
" " 50	1.85
Supertine " 20	.75
" " 100	2.40
" " 50	1.20

SOLE AGENTS—

HONGKONG CIGAR STORE.

HOTEL MANSIONS.

G. R.

Any European, Non-Asiatic or Indian desiring to leave the Colony should apply in person at the Central Police Station between the hours of 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. daily.

Applicants will be required to produce Passports or identification papers.

All persons with certain exceptions who remain in the Colony for more than 7 days are required to Register themselves under the REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE 1916. Forms of Registration giving the particulars required may be obtained at the G. P. O. and at all Police Stations.

The Penalty for non-compliance is a fine not exceeding \$50.

HIMROD'S
Gives Instant Relief
For every case of
Cough, Cold, Sore Throat,
Whooping Cough,
Bronchitis, Asthma,
Influenza, Hay Fever,
and all other
Respiratory Affections.
It is a powerful
expectorant and
relieves the
throat and
lungs.
It is a
safe and
effective
remedy.
Beware of
imitations.
Get the
Himrod's
Bottle.
Solely
Prepared
at
Himrod's
Pharmacy,
25, Abchurch Lane,
London, E.C. 4.

CAST IRON
RAINWATER PIPES
AND FITTINGS.
FRANK SMITH & CO.
6, DES VOEUX ROAD, CENTRAL.
TEL. 2030. HONGKONG.

LONDON DIRECTORY.

(Published Annually)
Enables traders throughout the World to communicate direct with English
MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS
in each class of goods. Besides being a complete commercial guide to London & its suburbs, the directory contains lists of
EXPORT MERCHANTS
with the Goods they ship, and the Colonial and Foreign Markets they supply;
STEAMSHIP LINES
arranged under the ports to which they sail, and indicating the approximate sailings;

PROVINCIAL TRADE NOTICES
of leading Manufacturers, Merchants, etc., in the principal provincial towns & industrial centres of the United Kingdom. A copy of the current edition will be forwarded, freight paid, on receipt of Postal Orders for 20s.

Dealers seeking Agencies can advertise their trade cards for £1; or larger advertisements from £5.
THE LONDON DIRECTORY CO., LTD.
25, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C. 4.

NOTICES.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

BARLING'S
BRIAR PIPES
JUST ARRIVED.

TEL. 1741.

BATHING COSTUMES

JUST ARRIVED

IN A VARIETY OF DIFFERENT STYLES

PRICES FROM \$2.00 UP.

J. T. SHAWTAILOR & OUTFITTER.
21, HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDINGS.THE
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.,

QUEEN'S BUILDINGS.

OF CHINA.

TEL 518 HONGKONG.

Head Office:
7, Jinkee Rd.
Shanghai.and at
HankowLOWEST
PRICES.**FANS**
IN
STOCK.FIXED AND OSCILLATING
FROM \$20.

NEW STOCKS OF 8" OSCILLATING DESK
FANS WHICH CAN BE USED IN PLACE
OF A 25 C.P. LAMP WITHOUT TAKING
ANY EXTRA CURRENT FROM THE
ELECTRICITY SUPPLY COMPANY.

TEL. NO.
1877.TEL. NO.
1877.**MACKENZIE'S FOOT RELIEF POWDER.**

is especially adapted for overcoming the undue perspiration and sensitiveness of the feet during hot weather. This powder will be found invaluable for correcting those uncomfortable conditions of the feet which arise from excessive perspiration, fatigue, burning, etc.

PRICES FIFTY CENTS PER TIN.

THE COLONIAL DISPENSARY.

CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS

14, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.

E. HING

WING WOO STREET
SHIP CHANDLERS & GENERAL STOREKEEPERS.
STEEL, IRON, BRASS & METAL MERCHANTS.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL IRONMONGERS.
TELEPHONE 1116.

DEWAR'S

"Imperial Institute"

SCOTCH WHISKY

The Whisky of your forefathers.

SOLE AGENTS

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

TELEPHONE No. 616

BIRTHS.

BRIDGER.—At 6, Babinetown Park Hongkong, on July 5, to Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Bridger, a daughter.

MOSS.—At Trenunter Mansions, May Road, wife of D. K. Moss, a son, on 5th inst.

DEATH.

CARTER.—William Leonard Carter, aged 40, died July 4th, 1917, at Military Hospital. Dearly loved husband of Maud Carter.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, JULY 5, 1917.

CARE OF BLINDED SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

In yesterday's issue we briefly referred to a report just published of what is being done at St. Dunstan's Hostel for Blinded Soldiers and Sailors, and, as this institution is one of the most deserving of the many which the generosity of Hongkong, through the War Charities Committee, is at present assisting in supporting, we believe that a more amplified statement will not be unappreciated by our readers. As stated, this institution is one of the most deserving, and if it were possible for any doubt being held on that point, a merely superficial glance through the Report above referred to would soon dispel any such idea. St. Dunstan's House, Regent's Park, London, the magnificent house and estate which was so generously placed at the disposal of the Blinded Soldiers' and Sailors' Care Committee by its owner, Mr. Otto Kahn, the well-known American financier, has, we read, had to be immensely enlarged since the first annual Report was written, owing to the sadly increasing number of blinded fighters. This great house, we further learn, has many historic associations belonging to the past, but nothing half so inspiringly cheerful as its present day contribution to history. It has been well called "The happiest house in London," for those blinded men who have learnt to live their lives anew with such gay courage know all that is worth the knowing about happiness. Their happiness means that they feel content with regard to their condition; content, also, as to the arrangements for their future welfare. Their happiness is "the child of the joy of achievement." It arises from the knowledge that they have conquered the foe who threatened to destroy spirit as well as sight.

We have quoted thus fully to give some idea of what may be termed the fundamental principles that animate this truly philanthropic institution that has as its object the making of the lives of our blinded soldiers and sailors as happy as their awful affliction will allow of its being made. It is a noble undertaking, and under the able chairmanship of Sir Arthur Pearson, Bart., himself almost totally blind—it is being conducted with an ability and zeal and with results so satisfactory and gratifying as to redound greatly to the credit of all directly or indirectly concerned in its welfare. To return to the report, we find that at the time of its publication, the blind inmates of St. Dunstan's and its Annex numbered 354. This is a big family, and, from the nature of the terrible affliction, one that requires special and very painstaking attention. From the report we read further that the accommodation has been recently extended to a degree which will make it possible to welcome nearly as many more inmates as are at present housed. The War Office authorities have displayed the utmost interest in the blinded soldiers' welfare, and everything possible has been done by them to assist the Committee of St. Dunstan's in matters ensuring the comfort and the happiness of the men. Two hundred and twenty-four men had up to March 31, 1917, passed out of the hostel, having learnt one, and sometimes more than one, of the following occupations—massage, shorthand-writing, telephone operating, boot-repairing, mat-making, basket-making, jewelry, poultry farming, and market gardening. These are all extremely useful occupations and the knowledge of them possessed by the inmates will certainly ensure them being able to earn enough to assist at least in supporting themselves and thus lead them to have a feeling of independence that should go far towards greatly ameliorating their sad misfortune.

In St. Dunstan's we have in every respect an institution worthy of the public's continued support. In every way, its aim and its object is to brighten the lives of those who have suffered so cruelly in the war and, therefore, the Hongkong War Charities Committee did well to increase their original donation, as would be noted from the statement issued recently referring to the correspondence of the Committee's London agent, Mr. Murray Stewart. In calling attention to the excellent work of St. Dunstan's we do not think we can do better than to conclude by quoting in *extenso*, Sir Arthur Pearson's observations with which he closes his admirable report, "May I ask," he says, "all who feel touched by this brief record of splendid determination and resolution to overcome a terrible disability to show their appreciation by helping us? I have written a plain, straightforward statement of the work at St. Dunstan's. I do not think it needs to be bolstered up by high-flown sentimentality. The simple expression of the endeavours which are being made to lighten the burden laid upon the gallant men of St. Dunstan's is the plain record of their achievement's should be enough. These men have given very much indeed for their country and for you. The least that can be given them in return is to ensure by every means possible that they are placed in a position successfully to fight their stern battle against so terrible a handicap as the loss of sight." Quietly and nobly expressed, in this appeal the public has an opportunity to continue its support towards one of the most deserving of the many war charities now claiming consideration.

Lady May's Decoration.

We feel sure that the community generally will join with us in extending to Lady May our congratulations on the honour which His Majesty the King has conferred on her by making her a Lady of Grace of the Order of the Hospital of St. John of Jerusalem in England. As is well-known, Lady May has, since its formation, taken a most lively interest in the No. 1 Hongkong V.A.D., of which she is the popular Commandant. The object of the V.A.D. is to supplement the nursing staff for the military forces in Hongkong, and the Despatchment has been enrolled by the military authorities for service, and may be mobilised in force at any time. In this essentially useful work, Lady May has shown the greatest possible enthusiasm, and, under her leadership, the No. 1 Hongkong V.A.D. has reached a standard of distinct skill and usefulness. By her charm of manner and open-heartedness, Lady May has won for herself the name of being the most beloved and popular lady in the Colony, and everyone will feel that the honour which has now fallen to her is richly deserved.

A Worthy Work.

The swimming sports held yesterday under the auspices of the Hongkong Amateur Athletic Federation were in every way a complete success, a feature being the very keen rivalry between the various competing schools. The Federation, it may be explained, exists for the purpose of encouraging sports among Chinese boys in order to work up material for the Far Eastern Games. In this direction its energies are being used to some purpose, for it can be said that among native schoolboys a very high standard of skill has been attained in athletics during the past few years. Colonel Ward, M.P., who distributed the prizes at yesterday's sports, confessed his surprise at the eagerness shown by the representatives of the various Chinese schools in the several events, saying it reminded him of the rivalry between British schoolboys at home. As the gallant Colonel remarked, participation in many sports has had a great deal to do with the building up of the British character. Nothing but good can come of movements such as the Hongkong Amateur Athletic Federation has taken in hand; they instil into the minds of the Chinese youth those lessons of discipline, patience and good sportsmanship, to say nothing of the physical benefits secured, of which the Chinese nation stands so much in need in these troublous times.

Shipping Profits.

Mr. Bonar Law's remarks in the House of Commons regarding the "disgraceful" profits being made in shipping circles will no doubt be read with deep interest in Hongkong, where the Government's requisition scheme has been rather keenly felt. His observations arose out of complaints that the Government were ruining shipowners. To offset this assertion, the Chancellor of the Exchequer quoted some figures which are certainly most astounding. He showed that out of just over £8,000 which he had invested in fifteen Companies operating tramp steamers, he had received over £7,000 in interest in two years. That gives some indication of the enormous profits which certain shipping Companies have been able to make as a direct consequence of the war. The figures quoted, however, only apply to Companies owning tramp steamers, presumably of a type which the Government has not taken under its requisition scheme. In his Budget speech, Mr. Bonar Law stated that the Government found it impossible to do other than leave coasting steamers in the hands of their owners, but he outlined a method by which it was hoped to keep the profits of these vessels down; as far as possible, to the pre-war standard. Now the scheme is working, we do not know. But if Mr. Bonar Law's figures are in any sense still applicable, it would seem that, while bigger vessels are controlled to such an extent as to make profits practically impossible, the owners of tramps are still reaping a huge harvest.

DAY BY DAY.

A CONTINUAL DROPPING IN A VERY RAINY DAY AND A CONTENTIOUS WOMAN ARE ALIKE—*Proverbs.*

To-morrow's Anniversary.—To-morrow is the 24th anniversary of the marriage of His Majesty King George V.

The Dollar.

The opening rate of the dollar on demand to-day was \$2.69/16d. The closing rate will be found on Page 1.

The C. E. M. S.

The next meeting of the Church of England Men's Society, will be held on Monday next on board the *Oreone*, which leaves Statue Pier at 5 p.m.

Shopkeeper's Loss.

A Chinese shopkeeper has reported to the Police that some person entered his shop and stole therefrom \$11.50 in money and a cheque valued at \$2,000.

Alice Memorial Hospital.

The Hon. Treasurer of the Alice Memorial and Affiliated Hospitals begs to acknowledge with thanks the following donation to the Funds of the Hospitals—Lo Chop Shau, \$50.

The Police Reserve.

The Police Reserve School examination will be held on Friday, July 6 when Classes 13, 14 and 15 will be examined at Queen's College at 5.45 p.m. Class 12 will not be examined.

Alarmed by Servants.

A married woman, living in Shanghai Street, Yaumati, has reported to the Police that yesterday several men, armed with knives, entered her house and got away with a little over \$30. The men took to their heels before they could take anything else, because an alarm was raised by the servants.

Ship's Engines Damaged.

A Chinese was charged before Mr. J. A. Wood, at the Police Court this morning, with stealing various pieces of metal pipes and plates, valued in all at \$40.00, from a steamer in port. Defendant pleaded guilty to the charge. An engineer from the ship said that in consequence of the theft, a good deal of damage had been done to the engines. Defendant was sent to prison for four months.

A Silent Watcher.

At the Police Court this morning, before Mr. Wood, a woman was charged with being in unlawful possession of four tins of prepared opium. The defendant stated that the drug was given to her by a woman who said the parcels were tins of tooth powder. As she had no pockets, the stuff was tied round her. A Chinese female detective said that she had information about defendant and had been watching on the wharf for the woman for over a fortnight. Defendant attempted to bribe her. His Worship inflicted a fine of \$300, or, in default, three months' hard labour.

JUNE RAINFALL.

The rainfall for June as recorded at the Botanic Gardens is as follows:—

Date.	Inch.
1st	.15
2nd	.08
3rd	.17
4th	.56
5th	.38
6th	.12
7th	1.00
8th	1.33
9th	.19
10th	—
11th	.50
12th	.11
13th	.13
14th	.07
15th	.15
16th	.10
17th	.13
18th	.29
19th	1.83
20th	.02
21st	.16
22nd	.20
23rd	.31
24th	.35
25th	.27
26th	1.16
27th	.21
28th	.17
29th	—
30th	.07
Total	10.17

A TREAT FOR HONGKONG.

Mr. Blascheck to Begin Season To-morrow.

Commencing to-morrow night, Hongkong is to enjoy what should prove one of the brightest and happiest entertainment seasons experienced for a very long time, for Mr. Joseph Blascheck, the famous "humourist" and "entertainer," is to begin an engagement at the Victoria Theatre, assisted by a clever and talented vocalist in Miss Alyce Austin. The season will last for at least a week. Mr. Blascheck has, in his day, toured in practically all parts of the Empire, but this is his first visit to the Far East, having been induced by Mr. Humphrey Bishop, of whom Hongkongites have such pleasant recollections, to make a trip to this part of the world. After leaving Hongkong the little party will make its way to Shanghai and Japan, and then proceed to Australia and New Zealand.

Mr. Blascheck, as we need hardly say, is one of the cleverest entertainers of the day, and, from all accounts, he has in Miss Austin a soprano singer of marked ability as well as a skilled pianist. The type of entertainment which they give is of a popular order—a happy combination of music and humour. But it cannot be described as vaudeville, although it is essentially light. Mr. Blascheck himself excels in character sketches from life, humorous monologues, stories ancient and modern, and dramatic recitals. Mr. Russell Lewis, the well-known critic, says of him:—"He is a humourist—a tragedian—an elocutionist—a singer—an actor—and a mimic. The command of countenance which he displays is simply wonderful—he has a richness of comic imagination and a mine of delightful drolleries that seems positively inexhaustible. His humour is most diverting—so free from over-consciousness, with many touches of pathos and kindness effectively introduced. In all he does there is evidence of a deep study of life and an instinctive knowledge of human nature."

Miss Alyce Austin is essentially a singer of light songs, but a legitimate, trained vocalist all the same. She is especially good in the type of song in which Miss Ada Reeves has made her name, and among her best numbers are "The Long, Long Trail," and "Back Home in Tennessee," a song which is extremely popular just now. Mr. Russell Lewis says of her:—"Gifted with an uncommon sense of humour and a voice of particular sweetness, she can with equal facility sing you a humorous ditty full of subtle points and touches of character lightly and cleverly drawn, or a modern ballad rendered in a manner that proclaims her at once a cultivated vocalist. When it is added that she is an accomplished pianist and an ideal accompanist, it will be seen that we have in Miss Austin an artist whose musical, vocal and humorous talents are altogether exceptional."

The point to be emphasised is that Mr. Blascheck comes to the East with a big reputation. He has appeared before Royalty, and has undertaken regular and lengthy seasons at the Queen's Hall. It will therefore be realised that Hongkong is extremely fortunate in being able to hear him. It may be mentioned that, just after the outbreak of war, he was in Australia touring with Miss Ellen Terry, and, as a result of two entertainments given in Melbourne, in one of which Madame Mable also participated, over £3,000 was secured for war charities. During his tour since the war, Mr. Blascheck has been able to raise quite large sums in this way, even by means of entertainments while at sea. No doubt he will be given a hearty welcome on his first appearance here to-morrow night.

Admiral Jellicoe Honoured.

Admiral Sir John Jellicoe was admitted recently to the freedom of the Shipwrights' Company. The ceremony was private.

TWO HONGKONG BOYS.

Officially Reported as Missing.

The following from the Welsh man of May 4, will be read with interest locally, as the two young men referred to were both born in Hongkong. Their father, Mr. H. J. Watson, was a member of the Civil Service here from 1885 to 1909, in which year he died and was buried at Happy Valley. The two missing boys were educated in England. Her many friends in Hongkong will greatly sympathise with Mrs. Watson in her trial, and hope that her two sons may yet be heard of.

Widespread regret was occasioned in Carmarthen on Saturday when it became known that Leading Mechanic Richard H. Watson of the Royal Naval Air Service, was missing in France. The sad intimation was received by his mother, Mrs. Watson, 47, Lammas Street, from the Admiralty, in which it was stated that he took part in an offensive patrol on Thursday April 26 and that his machine did not return to the base. Only a fortnight ago Mrs. Watson was officially informed that her elder son Second-Lieut. Arthur Watson Royal Flying Corps, was missing in France after an aerial attack over the German lines on April 18.

Leading Mechanic R. H. Watson, who is 21 years of age, is an old pupil of the Grammar School. He afterwards entered the London Polytechnic School, where he enlisted in the R. N. A. S. during Christmas, 1914. He has been on active service on the French coast since September, 1916. His brother Second-Lieut. A. Watson was the first St. Peter's Boy to secure the "wings." Both were exceedingly popular in Carmarthen, having taken a prominent part in athletics. They were playing members of the Harlequin Rugby football team. Arthur being a sterling forward and Dick a safe full-back. They played in these positions for the Grammar School team, of which the former was captain for a season. Leading Mechanic Watson was a patrol leader of the 1st Carmarthen Troop of Boy Scouts, of which Second-Lieut. Watson was an assistant Scoutmaster.

In a letter to Mrs. Watson the Colonel commanding the Squadron in which Lieut. Watson served, stated they deplored the loss of a highly efficient and very promising young officer. It is fervently hoped that Mrs. Watson may soon receive information that her gallant sons are safe and sound.

At Christ Church, Carmarthen (where the two brothers were former faithful members of the choir) on Sunday morning the Vicar of St. David's (Rev. Griffith Thomas) testified to the high moral character and self-sacrifice displayed by both young men of which the Church were proud. The sympathy of the congregation went out to Mrs. Watson in her hour of trial, and they hoped that ere long reassuring news would be received regarding their welfare. Mrs. Watson has received a large number of letters of sympathy.

HIS EXCELLENCY'S COAT.

Theft from Government House Garage.

A Chinese was charged to-day, before Mr. A. Dyer Bell, with stealing from the motor house at Government House a motor coat belonging to His Excellency, Sir Henry May, and a case of choropleths belonging to Jacob, His Excellency's chauffeur.

The chauffeur said that defendant had previously been employed at Government House. The door of the motor house was always open; defendant had not broken in.

His Worship said the man had evidently taken advantage of the fact that he "knew the ropes." He would be sent to prison for two months.

TU-DAY'S MISCELLANY.

General John J. Pershing, who is the Commander-in-Chief of America's fighting men, has had a unique experience in the American Army. He has fought Indians in the West, Spaniards in Cuba, Moros in the Philippines, and Mexicans in Mexico. A tall man, of six foot one, lean and rugged and toughened by his service with the Mexican punitive force, General Pershing could serve as a model for the American cavalry officer. He is fifty-six years old, an advocate of universal military service, and a strong partisan for military preparedness.

Surely, writes a correspondent to the *Daily Chronicle*, the Irish green is not due to the shamrock. The Irish flag till '98 was blue, either with a gold sunburst on a blue ground, or the three gold crowns of Munster on the same. The harp, adopted in Henry VIII's reign, was also on a blue ground as seen in the Royal Standard. The present green flag was adopted in '98 to typify the union of the North and the South in the Rebellion, and was the result of the mingling of the Orange of Ulster and the Blue of the other provinces.

A Bainsfather type of soldier was in a Belgian trench which he was valiantly endeavouring to support from collapse by his shoulders and his knees. Ultimately he was overwhelmed and buried by the soil, blown in by enemy shells. He extricated himself, however, and as he emerged, mud-covered from foot-sole to head-crown, he remarked with feeling, "I wouldn't have Belgium even for my blooming backgarden."

The Imperfect Day.—The second stanza of a well known song, brought up to date.—Well, this is the end of the meal-less day
And the end of the turnip stew,
And it leaves a world that is big and strong
With luster work to do;
But memory has painted the meal-less day
In hues that will quickly fade;
We must wait till we come to the meal-less day
For the end of the mess we've made.

"Keep the home fires burning" is a title which some of our Allies find it very difficult to translate. Here is the Italian effort: "Bisogna alimentare il focolare domestico." Translate it back into English literally and you have: "It is necessary to nourish piously the hearth domestic." And that is certainly not snappy enough for the words of a popular song.

Our calendar, observes the *London and China Express*, does not take any particular account of moons, otherwise we should be having a Leap Year this year, as it is with the Chinese. When this occurs the Chinese husbandman sows his crop practically a month, or one moon, later. Had this been more generally known, and followed in this country, it is probable that spring sowings would have been put off somewhat instead of following the calendar, with the probability of a better reaping in many cases.

The debate of 1836 on the admission of ladies to the gallery of the House of Commons resulted in the carrying of the motion by 139 to 40, but seems to have been treated as a huge joke. As one reads the feeble witticisms now and observes the "loud laughter," one can only conclude that M.P.'s were as easily amused as Mr. Peter Magnus's friends. The most striking point appears to have been made by Mr. O'Connell, in telling of the Irish Parliament's experience. "Hospitalities of a particular kind prevailed in Ireland, and the consequence of these hospitalities was that many members came drunk to the House. The remedy proposed was that ladies should be admitted. This was tried, and from that moment not a single person was seen drunk."

CHURCH NOTES.

Matters Relating to the Cathedral.

We take the following from Church Notes for July:—

Peak Church.

The Peak Church re-opened on the 10th after being closed for a fortnight for repairs. It is looking clean and fresh with a new coat of wash on the walls and polish on the seats. The week-day service of intercession here has been changed from Thursday to Wednesday, at 10.15 a.m., at the special request of Peak residents. We are glad to see that the change has led to an increase in the number of those attending. It has been decided to hold a short service in the Church on Sunday evenings at 6.30 p.m., beginning on July 8. The services will be continued till the end of August.

Week-Day Services.

As a consequence of the alteration made in the day of the service at the Peak Church, a change has been made necessary in the Cathedral week-day service. Under the present arrangement Matins and intercession are held each day of the week at 10.15 a.m., except on Wednesday. Evening, as usual, is said on Wednesday at 6.30 p.m., and Holy Communion is celebrated, with special intention for the War, at 7.45 a.m., on Thursday.

Meetings on the Water.

The Church of England Men's Society is to hold its meetings during the summer on the waters of the Harbour, thanks to the Hon. Mr. Claud Severn's kind offer of his yacht for that purpose. The dates fixed on are as follows:—July 9 and 23, August 8 and 20, September 8 and 22. The "Onions" will leave Statue Pier at 5 p.m.

Altar Frontals.

The altar frontals have been overhauled and several found to be in a very bad condition. Mrs. Myburgh has kindly undertaken the task of repairing them, and they are now in good order. One of the white ones, however, has become too dilapidated for further use. It is suggested that the beautiful embroidery on it might be used again for another—and it is very necessary to have a reserve white one for ordinary use. We should be glad to receive donations to cover the small expense incurred on the work. If sufficient money is forthcoming the work of renewing the white one will be proceeded with. It seems to us that money for the upkeep of the altar should come entirely from personal offerings, and we feel that there are many who will be glad of the opportunity of making some such small offering—perhaps in thanksgiving for blessings received there.

Cathedral Compound.

The Cathedral compound is receiving some very necessary attention. At present we are not in a position to say exactly what schemes are contemplated; but already several improvements have been made. Everyone will, we think, agree that it was a wise plan to thin out the palm trees which almost completely shut out the Cathedral. We have in the past found visitors searching for the building whilst being within a few yards of it.

Cathedral Seats.

Those members of the congregation who prefer the back or side seats in the Cathedral will be pleased to hear that these are shortly to be put into good order. We regret we are not yet in a position to provide a new set of benches, which are urgently needed. At the same time the choir stalls are to be oiled and repolished. They have already been repaired at Mr. Compton's private expense.

A Too Zealous Coolie.

We receive many complaints about the "number one" Church coolie, and would ask people to have patience with him. He is new to his work, and does not yet understand the dignity of an English Cathedral, nor does he yet quite realise that we rank the virtue of cleanliness next to that of godliness. He is learning, however, and is keen. We have seen him rush wildly at some coolie entering the building, and furiously remove his hat. Such

SCHOOL AQUATICS.

Successful Sports at the V.R.C.

The Victoria Recreation Club was packed yesterday afternoon when the swimming sports promoted by the Hongkong Amateur Athletic Federation, took place. The events were all keenly contested and there was much healthy rivalry between the various schools competing for honours.

The guest of the afternoon was Lieut.-Col. Ward, M.P., who after the lengthy and enjoyable programme had been gone through, distributed to prizes. Mr. R. E. O. Bird introduced Col. Ward. He said that he had been a very interested spectator of the sports and there was no doubt that the Colonel had enjoyed them. They had to thank him for coming there that afternoon to distribute the prizes. Their thanks were also due to St. Stephen's College for very generously presenting a shield for the boy who secured the most marks. They had also to thank Mr. Ho Kwong for presenting a shield for the winners of the Junior Team Race and to Mr. Mohler for the very hard work he had put into making the affair a success.

At the end of the programme, Col. Ward distributed the prizes, saying that he had been very intensely interested in the swimming. What had struck him was that it seemed like watching British schoolboys, because those competing that afternoon had all seemed anxious that their class or school should win. Before he attended these sports, he had no idea that Chinese boys took such an interest in mainly exercises, which had been such a great feature in forming the character of the British nation. He wished good luck to those boys and to those whose duty it was to train them.—(Applause).

The following were the successful competitors:—

Junior Plunge.—1, Pang Kam Wing; 2, Ko King Fan; 3, Cheong Kong Cha. Distance 4 1/2 feet.

Senior 50 yards.—1, Choa Man Ping; 2, Douglas Liang; 3, Ip Po Lun. Time 31.4/5 sec.

100 yards Breast.—1, Choa Man Ping; 2, Ip Po Lun. Time 90 sec.

Junior 50 yards.—1, Ko King Fan; 2, J. Howell; 3, Chan Sau Pui. Time 37 sec.

220 yards.—1, Choa Man Ping; 2, Douglas Liang; 3, K. A. Mason. Time 3 min. 25 2/5 sec.

100 Yards Junior.—1, Ko King Fan; 2, F. V. Read; 3, Shek Wing Kwai. Time 90 1/5 sec.

Senior Plunge.—1, Ko Yan Cheung; 2, Choa Man Ping; 3, Douglas Liang; 4, Wong Kan Cheuk. Distance 49 1/2 feet.

100 yards on Back.—1, Ko Yan Cheung; 2, Choa Man Ping; 3, Kwok Ping Kwong.

Junior Team Race.—1, Ellis Kadoorie School; 2, Diocesan School; 3, Wanchai School.

Senior Team Race.—1, Diocesan School; 2, Queen's College; 3, St. Paul's College.

"H. A. F. Schools Championship Shield."—Choa Man Ping. "Ho Kwong Shield"—Ellis Kadoorie School.

TENNIS LEAGUE.

Club de Recreio v. Kowloon "B."

The Club de Recreio beat Kowloon Cricket Club "B" by 52 to 47 games. Scores:—

Lopes Brothers beat Jewsbury and Anderson, 7-4; Beat Ralston and Stapleton, 6-5; lost to Blackburn and Jeffries, 5-6.

Yvanovich and Pina lost to Jewsbury and Anderson, 4-7; beat Ralston and Stapleton, 6-5; beat Blackburn and Jeffries, 8-3.

Marques and Remedios lost to Jewsbury and Anderson, 4-7; beat Ralston and Stapleton, 8-5; beat Blackburn and Jeffries, 6-6.

Real needs earbing at times; but we hope in time to direct it along right lines. We are grateful to a lady of the congregation for coming and giving us some useful hints on cleaning the building. We hope her advice will have a good result.

THE MIDDLESEX "MAG."

A Bright and Breezy Number.

We have received a copy of the second number of the regimental magazine, entitled *The Mag*, of the 25th Bn. Middlesex Regiment. In the editor's chatty notes, we observe that the manner in which the first number was received has encouraged those responsible for the publication to continue their literary efforts. We feel sure that the magazine will be much appreciated by the Regiment and, possibly, by other battalions of "Die Hards," as well as by many of the general public to whom individually and collectively the Regiment is now becoming well-known.

A glance at the contents of *The Mag* reveals that there is no little literary talent in the battalion and quite a surprising amount of technical skill shown in the general appearance of the publication. The contributions are mostly of a light and humorous nature and deal with subjects likely to appeal primarily to the Regiment. Following the Editor's notes, which are preceded by a full-page illustration of the "Tyndareus," "Three months at Tangle Barracks" are interestingly described by Lieut. Col. R. A. Theobald, B.A., a Singapore contributor. "The Voyage of the Tyndareus" gives Mr. Chris. Foley an opportunity of proving himself to be an ingenious versifier. Lieut. Sylvester Lee contributes two articles, one on "The Opium War," the other entitled "The Exploits of Cheng Yang Shen," both of which are very well written. Somewhat unique and extremely interesting are the illustrated contributions entitled "How to know the rank of a Naval Officer" and "Badges of rank in the Army—as viewed by Tommy." "Things we should like to know" are quaint, personal little humorous paragraphs, and no doubt to the point. A pretty little one-verse poem, entitled "To an April Morning" is contributed by Lieut. E. L. Amies. There are several other articles, all of which make very good reading. *The Mag*, at the price of ten cents, may be obtained from Messrs. Kelly and Walsh, Messrs. Brewer and Co., the Book Stall at the Kowloon Ferry, Hongkong, and the Peak Tramway Station. The magazine is nicely printed, with an artistic cover, by the South China Morning Post Co., Ltd.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENT.
HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

PURE MILK

An ideal summer beverage
and
the most nutritious food.

DAIRY FARM MILK
is
SAFE MILK.

AL FRESCO MEAL.

Local Solicitor Annoyed by Coolies.

A Chinese was charged before Mr. A. Dyer Bill, at the Police Court this morning, with causing a nuisance by eating his food outside Mr. M. J. D. Stephen's office. Inspector Bazil said that Mr. Stephens came up yesterday in a very excited state, and said he had stepped on the refuse of the food which defendant and other coolies who made a habit of eating there, had spat out. He stated that he had slipped and nearly fallen on it. Mr. Stephens was always complaining and chasing these men, but this was the only one he had been able to catch. His Worship fined a fine of \$1 and told defendant not to eat there again.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENT.

HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following Scrip Certificates—No. 6008 for 5 shares numbered 3923 and 4183/6 in the name of M/s. Marjory Grant Smith of Hongkong and No. 6060 for 5 shares numbered 3918/3922 in the name of Mr. Eric Grant Smith of Hongkong have been lost, and should the same not be produced before the 13th proximo new Certificates will be issued to the said Mrs. Marjory Grant Smith and Mr. Eric Grant Smith, and no transaction taking place under the old Scrip Certificates will be recognised by the Office.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
General Managers.
Hongkong, 28th June, 1917.

LIVING ON YOUR NERVE.

Everybody has a store of nervous energy. When work or worry without sufficient rest exhausts this store, a condition results that medical men call neurasthenia.

It is commonly met with in those who have had keen anxiety; also those who have cared for sick relatives, and business men who worry over their affairs and neglect to take proper rest. Women who work beyond their strength, anyone who has too much excitement and too little rest may show the symptoms.

The signs are clear. Your complexion becomes pale, you imagine unpleasant things, your brain insists on working when you want to go to sleep. Sometimes you are melancholy. Things that used to please you no longer do so. Constipation is usually present. You worry about yourself and your work and cannot forget your anxieties.

No doctor can cure neurasthenia; you have to do it yourself. First, worry less and don't overtax your strength; then, begin Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people, for they supply new blood to feed your worn-out nerves and so steadily build up your health. Obtainable from Chemists, also post free, 1 bottle for \$1.50 or 6 for \$8/-, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Elizabeth Road, Shanghai.

Free.—Write a post card to the above address, asking for a most useful booklet on the home treatment of nervous disorders.

SAKURA BEER



SOLE AGENTS:
SUZUKI & CO.
TEL. 468
ALEXANDRA BUILDING.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOINT SERVICE

of the
"NEDERLAND" AND
"ROTTERDAM LLOYD"
Royal Mail Lines.
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship
"RINDJANI"

having arrived from SAN FRANCISCO, consignees of cargo are hereby notified that all goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

No claim will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after noon the 12th July 1917, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 16th July, 1917, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 13th July, 1917, at 10 a.m. by the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

No Fire Insurance, whatsoever has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by
JAYA-CHINA-JAPAN LINE
Agents.
Hongkong, 5th July 1917.

WATERHOUSE STEAMSHIP
LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

From SEATTLE & JAPAN
PORTS.

THE Steamship

"KEISHIU MARU."

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of cargo by her are hereby informed that all goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, whence, and/or from the wharves, delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 12th July, at 5 p.m. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the Godowns where they will be examined by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas on 12th July, 1917, at 10 a.m. Claims against the steamer must be presented within 10 days of arrival otherwise they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
General Managers.
Hongkong, 5th July, 1917.

HALF HOSE.

We have now a large Selection of Cotton, Lisle, Silk and Lisle and Cashmere Socks in a Variety of Colours, at prices ranging from 80 cts. per pair.
LIGHT WEIGHT
GOLF HOSE
from \$3.00 per pair.

MACKINTOSH

Men's Wear Specialists,
16 DES VŒUX ROAD.
TELEPHONE NO. 29.

Wm. Powell Ltd
TELEPHONE 346

HIGH-CLASS GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTERS.

STIFF AND SOFT DOUBLE CUFFS.
SHIRTS FOR SUMMER WEAR.
SUBSTANTIAL LIGHT-WEIGHT MATERIALS.

FITTED WITH THE NEW COAT SLEEVE

This ensuring the proper setting of the cuff.

— DRESS SHIRTS —

WITH STIFF OR PLEATED FRONTS.

COLUMBIA RECORDS.

VIOLIN, FLUTE,
AND HARP TRIOS.

- | | | | | |
|-----|----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| 127 | { Schubert's Serenade | ... | ... | ... |
| | { At King's Lake. | ... | ... | ... |
| 128 | { Sweet Longing. | ... | ... | ... |
| | { Tilly's Serenade. | ... | ... | ... |
| 171 | { Tyrolean Echoes. | ... | ... | ... |
| | { Idilio. | ... | ... | ... |
| 234 | { Then you'll Remember Me. | ... | ... | ... |
| | { Marie-Nocturne. | ... | ... | ... |

THE ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.

16, DES VŒUX ROAD, TEL. 1322.

D. C. L.

Malt Extract

with

Cod Liver Oil.



The Distillers Coy., the largest firm of Distillers in the World, has at its disposal a supply of the best and choicest barley procurable, which is malted on their own premises by the most scientific methods of manufacture.

SOLE AGENTS:—

GANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD.

TEL. NO. 135. 6, Queen's Road, Central, Hongkong

TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph.")

(Continued from Page 1.)

THE RUSSIAN OFFENSIVE.

More Progress After Severe Fighting.

London, July 3.

A Russian wireless official message states: Yesterday after a severe battle we occupied Presovce, also strongly fortified positions on the heights west and south-west of Zborov and the fortified village of Korshidun. We penetrated three lines of trenches and the enemy retired across the Little Strypa. We captured positions to the west of Uzufurka. A Zeppelin dropped twelve bombs on Venden.

Huge Capture of Prisoners.

London, July 3.

A wireless Russian official message announces the successful continuance of the offensive in the direction of Zolochiev. It records the capture yesterday of 6,300 officers and men, twenty-one guns, sixteen machine guns and several mine throwers. Prisoners continue to come in. South-eastward of Brzezany fifty-three officers and 2,200 men were captured on Sunday.

German Admissions.

London, July 3.

A wireless German official message says: Fighting activity has increased in the Riga and Smolensk regions. Strong artillery firing is proceeding on the Middle Stock-hod and the Zlotulja. Russian attacks on the Kovelluck Railway failed heavily. In East Galicia the battle continues to go forward across the heights on the west bank of the Strypa. The Russian masses have succeeded in extending northwards of the gap made in our lines on the previous day. The Russian attacks on Koutchuk broke down before our new positions. The enemy has not repeated his attacks against the heights of Brzezany.

Strong Russian Attacks.

London, July 3.

A wireless German official report says: There is lively artillery firing between the Stockhod and Narsjowka. New and strong Russian attacks on Brzezany have failed heavily.

Enemy Evacuating Brzezany.

Petrograd, July 3.

The enemy is reported to be evacuating Brzezany, which is invested on three sides. Koutchuk is situated ten miles from Brzezany. Units of four Russian armies are co-operating in the Galician advance, covering a front approximating twenty miles.

An Appeal to Soldiers and Sailors.

Petrograd, July 3.

The All-Russia Workmen's and Soldiers' Congress appeals to everybody to support the offensive by doing everything to help the Army, and urges the soldiers in the rear to prepare to reinforce the front line troops. Meanwhile, the Government appeals to the Navy "in the danger which threatens Russia" to emulate the Army and prove that liberty has not weakened it.

LORD HARDINGE'S DEFENCE.

London, July 3.

In the House of Lords, Lord Hardinge expressed the opinion that the Mesopotamian Commission had not given sufficient prominence to the unexampled effort of India at the outset of the war and the generosity of her contributions of every kind, which necessarily hampered her operations elsewhere. The report inadequately weighed the risks of the preoccupation of the Indian Government in 1914-1915 in connection with internal and frontier affairs. India's military expenditure before the war exceeded the maximum fixed and increased during wartime beyond the point which his financial advisers considered safe. The Government of India strongly opposed the advance upon Bagdad without reinforcements but the maintenance of their veto would not have been justifiable in view of the obvious political advantages and the expediency of a captured Bagdad, also in view of the strong pressure from home and the unanimity of military opinion in favour of the advance. The inadequacy of river transport was only revealed when it was too late to make it good although everything possible was done to remedy it. The local military authority did not raise this as an objection to the advance. Regarding the medical breakdown, which had caused him the deepest pain and sorrow, he confessed he had been completely deceived by misleading reports from the front, but the moment he knew the truth he made every effort to remedy the breakdown.

THE CHINESE MONARCHY.

London, July 3.

Reuter learns that the great Chinese coup d'etat has been so far successful, although there are indications that considerable opposition is likely from the South. There have been no disturbances in Peking. Imperial Edicts have been issued with all the pomp and circumstance of the old days. The Chinese calendar has been restored, also the old criminal code and provincial titles. A Council of Regency has been formed under General Chang Fun.

ALLIES AND PEACE TERMS.

London, July 3.

In the House of Commons, Lord Robert Cecil stated that Anglo-Russian communications are proceeding regarding a proposed conference of the Allies on peace terms.

BOMB PLOT IN SWEDEN.

Stockholm, July 3.

The authorities are investigating another bomb plot and in connection therewith have arrested a Swedish officer and his alleged accomplices. The Government denies M. Branting's allegation that the Swedish Foreign Minister is implicated.

POTATO DEMONSTRATION IN HOLLAND.

Amsterdam, July 3.

Another potato demonstration has occurred. Windows were broken and potato storerooms and a jewellery shop were plundered. Mounted police fired in the air and the demonstrators dispersed on a promise being made that the Minister of the Interior would receive a deputation.

TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the "Telegraph.")

TORPEDOED OUTSIDE WAR ZONE.

London, July 3.

It is officially learned that the Argentine steamer Toro was sunk by gunfire in the Atlantic, outside the German war zone on 22nd June. Evidence of the steamer's nationality was demonstrated to the submarine commander prior to sinking. The cargo was wool for Switzerland. A French steamer picked up fourteen of the crew in a lifeboat. The captain and the remainder of the crew were landed in port on the 2nd inst.

A NEUTRAL SPY ARRESTED.

London, July 3.

The Press Bureau announces that Alfred Hagn, a Norwegian, has been arrested in London on a charge of espionage on behalf of Germany. The case is regarded as one of grave importance. Hagn will be dealt with by Court Martial.

POTATO RESTRICTIONS ABOLISHED.

London, July 3.

Lord Rhonda, the Food Controller, abolishes the potato restrictions in restaurants.

TORTURE OF PRISONERS.

Appalling Cruelty in a Yamen.

The local magistrate, wrote the N.C. Daily News correspondent at Hing, on May 24, has had two honours bestowed on him. The one was a tablet which the people have bestowed on him because of his activities in promoting the success of the Tong-yoh idol procession, which is just over. The tablet purports to be his own spirit-tablet and the people are worshipping him through it.

The other honour was a letter, to which a croaker was attached, thrown into his back garden. It cursed him and his administration, saying that his officers were trading in opium while he pretended to suppress it. A good deal of opium is coming in privately. The family of one of the magistrate's secretaries has just brought through a load—70 piculs, at \$350 per 100 ounces, and "none dared say him nay." Petty thefts of opium are frequent, but the persons who lose the drug keep silent, they have no recourse at law.

A further word about this magistrate. He is a sample of what kind of creature in human form, the Republic can place in the magistrate's chair. Will your readers forgive me for a few harrowing details of how he tries a case? I give them only in the hope that publicity will aid to abolish one day the fearful tragedies enacted inside these yamens.

To my knowledge three persons have been beaten to death lately in the yamen, some say more. A fourth person I happened to hear of, and obtained permission from the magistrate to go and hear him. This is what I found (again I crave indulgence). The man's crime was serious—I admit that—but he was the minor accomplice in an attempt to harm others.

The position was this. Accomplish minor, with a secret inside him; accomplice major, unknown and at large; *Judea horridus* the magistrate. These were the personalities. The problem for Judea was to extract the secret from A-minor, and apply it to A-major, when the appendices of A-major (i.e. unknown and at large) would automatically give place to the appendices, known and in goal. The problem was, how to extract that secret? This Judea soon set himself to perform. (And let me first state that in these crimes the criminals first go to a place where a "demon" is known to inhabit—some temple or shrine—and swear solemnly to one another before the idol that if they tell on one another, in the event of one being found out, they invoke the idol to pour foul curses on their heads, and wreak their vengeance on them. This is the "oath" to keep the secret in, for local wisdom says that "a jar's mouth may be sealed, but a man's never.")

The operation commenced with beating the hand on a stool, in which a cavity had been made to receive the hand. One hand was soon shattered to pieces. Then the

victim was lashed to the "cruel stool"—twisted and contorted into various shapes with the bones against the knotty parts of the stool's legs and corners. A piece of firewood was then brought, and the magistrate himself is alleged to have beaten him till no flesh was left on his shoulder-blade. Then, by way of a change, he broke a rib with a savage blow. That performed, he is said to have removed four square inches of flesh from one thigh, by blows from the firewood. Then the wretch pleaded to be shot outright, and he was done with it. The answer of *Judea Republicensis Sanctus* was: "Shooting is too merciful: I'll kill you by inches."

Then he was untied, as there were no more whole places to beat him on; and the magistrate called for a brick and a hammer. The brick was placed on the stone floor, the ankle of the poor wretch was placed on that; and an iron hammer, weighing about 12 ounces, was wielded to smash those poor ankle bones. The foot soon became a pretty sight, fit to wring pity from even Mr. Squeers. The metatarsus gave way under the blows; and the ankle-bone was badly injured. The flesh was beaten off about one-third of the surface of the foot, and a hen's egg could have been deposited easily in one of two of the holes the hammer made.

Then the victim, in an agony of rage and pain, gave up the secret desired, saying, "It was Mr. A-minor who did it. If you lay me to death I can say no more, but I'll await him in H—, where you beat me to, and have it out with him before a council of demons." Thus ended the examination. Mark you, Sir, the Republic's examination! The examination of an officer of the Great Republic which the "Glorious Revolution" brought about.

To write the above is as painful to me as to read it is to you; but I expose this instance (among at least 20 I know) in order to ask those who prate about "glorious revolutions" if they imagine that the changing of the keeper of a cage of leopards can possibly affect the nature of these carnivorous beasts, and also to show any Chinese John Howard who may happen to exist what is a most common happening in this corner of his country. The man would unquestionably have been dead now had we not been permitted to treat him and his wounds, and broken bones.

For the Front.

Mr. J. Logan, a son of Mr. J. D. Logan, of Kowloon Docks, who has been for some years with Messrs. Buttonje and Son, has left for war service, having, we hear, been granted a commission.

Students and the War.

Medical students in their third year at Columbia University have been notified that, because of the war, they will take up the fourth year work in June, immediately after the close of the academic year. They will thus graduate six months earlier than in the ordinary course.

CHINA AND THE MONARCHY.

PRESIDENT LI COMING SOUTH.

Luk Wing-ting to Uphold the Republic.

A special telegram received from our Shanghai correspondent to-day states that Chinese warships have sailed for the North. They are conveying the President to the South.

THE SITUATION IN CANTON.

Our Canton correspondent, writing on July 4, states:—

The Takwan and the Civil Governor were asked to appear in the Provincial Assembly to explain the restoration of the Monarchy, but the latter, owing to a previous promise to call on the U. S. Consul, has instructed his Secretary to attend, giving him full instructions, the nature of which is not at present known.

Alleged Forgeries. The Provincial Authority has received a telegram from the Vice-President stating that his name was forged in connection with the restoration of the Manchu Emperor, and that he strongly opposes the movement.

Luk Wing-ting, the Military Commissioner of the Two Kwangs (who was offered the Viceroyalty of the Province), has issued circular telegrams to the various Provinces stating that his name was forged by General Chang Fun in the petition requesting the Emperor to ascend the Throne again. He adds that any orders from Peking should not be recognized, and if the President has been interned, the Vice-President should act for him.

A Provisional Government. Luk Wing-ting has explained to the public that when he was in Peking he called on the Emperor Hsuan Tung and made him some presents, but these were mainly in remembrance of a former master.

An important telegram from Shanghai states that the Navy and Military there are strongly protesting against the Monarchy, and that a Provisional Government will be formed either in Shanghai or Nanking, where the headquarters of the "Punishment Army" will also be established.

At the meeting of the Provincial Assembly on the 4th inst. the following decision was passed:—That a Provisional Government be established in Nanking, with the Vice-President as the Acting President.

Loyal Takwans. The Canton Provincial Government has received telegrams from the Takwans of Hupeh, Kiangsi and Hunan stating that they will fight for the Republic to the last.

A "Scare" Report. Most of the native papers stated to-day that President Li Yuan-hung had been murdered, this report being evidently circulated to excite the public, but later a telegram was received from the President, through the Japanese Legation, stating that he had resolved never to give up his office, which he had received from the people of the whole country.

THE PEAK LOTTERY CASE.

The hearing was continued at the Police Court this morning of the case in which a Chinese was charged with printing and publishing lottery tickets and also with keeping a common gambling house at 4, Stewart Terrace, The Peak. The premises are Government property and are occupied by Mr. J. D. Lloyd, of the Imports and Exports Department, and Mr. W. Schofield, Acting Second Assistant to the Secretary for Chinese Affairs.

Mr. Wood, who heard the case, continued with that against the second defendant, the only man left, and, after hearing further evidence, he inflicted a fine of \$500, or, in default, four months' hard labour.

FANTAN AT CANTON.

Monopoly Let for \$6,000,000 A Year.

Our Canton correspondent states that the fantan gambling monopoly has been granted to a man named Hung Chi-yuen, for a period of three years, for \$6,000,000 per year, besides \$1,500,000 as "merit presents." The monopolist must pay in advance a sum of \$1,500,000 within twenty-one days, in three instalments, as security.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE BRIGADE.

Honour for Lady May.

Orders issued by Mr. E. Ralphs state:—His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to sanction the appointment of Helena Augusta Victoria, Lady May, (Commandant, No. 1 Hongkong Voluntary Aid Detachment) to be a Lady of Grace of the Order of the Hospital of St. John of Jerusalem in England.

APPEAL FOR GERMAN REPUBLIC.

U.S. Organisation Starts Movement to Aid Revolutionary Forces.

Propaganda for a revolt and the establishment of a republic in Germany is being sent out from the headquarters of the "Friends of the German Republic," a society which has opened an office at 148 East 19th Street. An appeal sent out by J. Koetgen, points out that travellers report news of an approaching social overturn in Germany similar to the one which took place in Russia. An effort will be made to send the appeal to every German in the United States who is known to oppose German autocracy.

Referring to the message sent to the workers of Germany by the Petrograd Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates, the appeal says:—

"We do not know whether that appeal ever reached the masses of the German people, but the same idea must have sprung up spontaneously in Germany as soon as the glorious news of the Russian revolution became known. The clearest heads must have immediately perceived the quickest and surest way out of the prevailing misery—the proclamation of a German republic. Should the German people imitate the Russian example, the war must almost automatically come to a close, and an impetus would be given to the radical and democratic movements throughout the world such as men have not witnessed since the days of the great French Revolution.

"Recognising the need of the hour and the favourable opportunity for helping which offers itself, a number of men and women of German descent have joined forces to form a society called 'Friends of the German Republic.' The aims of this society are to help in every practical and practicable way the revolutionary forces in the German Empire now striving to overthrow the present autocratic regime and to establish a democratic republic."

Committed for Trial.

Before Mr. J. B. Wood at the Police Court this afternoon the hearing was concluded of the case in which a man is charged with committing armed robbery at Kowloon City. The hearing has revealed that five men went to a house in which were only an old woman and a child, and breaking it open, ransacked the place. Two of the men were armed with revolvers and the others with knives. As the men were leaving, a lunkong approached but they all made good their escape up the hillside. Subsequently two men were arrested in Mong Kok Tsui, but one of them, turning King's evidence, has had the charge withdrawn against him. The other three robbers have cleared from their usual abode and have not yet been arrested. Part of the stolen property has been recovered. His Worship committed the man to the next Criminal Sessions.

THE LAW AND THE INFANT.

Interesting Point Raised in Court.

A youth was charged before Mr. J. B. Wood, at the Police Court this morning, with being in possession of 20 taels of opium. Defendant said that he had just come off a sumpun when he was stopped by a man who offered him a few cents to carry a parcel into Queen's Road and then hand it back to him again. He undertook the job, and when near Gilman's Bazaar he was arrested.

Mr. D'Almeida, who appeared for the defence, said that defendant, according to English reckoning of years, was only 18, and was therefore an infant. He did not think that the Legislature meant to deal with infants who, in a case like this, did not know what was in a parcel they were carrying, though technically in possession and technically guilty.

His Worship interposed with the remark that defendant knew what he was carrying, and Mr. D'Almeida retorted somewhat heatedly that it was stretching the Legislature's intention to say such a thing. As His Worship was against him, he had nothing further to say.

Defendant was sent to prison for three months.

THE MONEY MARKET.

Messrs. Montagu and Company's Report.

Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co., in their report dated May 10, state:—

Gold. The Bank of England gold reserve against its note issue shows a decrease of £119,425, as compared with last week's return.

For the first time for several weeks, gold to the value of \$15,000,000 has been received in New York. The outgoings amounted to \$8,120,000, either transferred for shipment or engaged for export, chiefly to Japan.

Silver. During the week, the market has been exceedingly quiet and there being but little competition for the small amounts offering, the price has shown a drooping tendency.

There was sufficient enquiry on Friday to maintain the price at 38 1/8d., but on Saturday it fell 1/8d. A further fall of 1/16d. occurred on the 7th, bringing the quotation to 37 15/16d. at which figure it remained until yesterday, only to shed a further 1/16d. to-day, when it was quoted 37 7/8d.

The sales from New York continue very small and there is but little speculation either in the way of buying or selling.

The following is taken from the Times of May 4:—

"According to the Schleswigische Grenzpost, nickel and silver coins will shortly be cancelled in Germany and replaced by others of metal, or by paper. This is due to the increased hoarding that is going on." As far as silver is concerned, this threat is not very terrifying, inasmuch as those who are now hoarding silver marks are doing so because they believe that after the war these coins will very likely be more valuable as bullion than as currency.

The stock in Bombay consists of 1,700 bars as compared with 1,500 bars last week. The stock in Shanghai on the 5th April, 1917, consisted of about 27,500,000 ounces in sycee and 17,600,000 dollars, as compared with about 26,000,000 ounces in sycee and 17,400,000 dollars on 28th April, 1917.

Quotations for bar silver per ounce standard:—May 4, 38 1/8 cash; May 5, 38 cash; May 7, 37 15/16 cash; May 8, 37 15/16 cash; May 9, 37 15/16 cash; May 10, 37 7/8 cash; average, 37 9/16.

No quotation fixed for forward delivery. Bank Rate 5%. Bar Gold per oz. std. 77 1/2. The quotation to-day for cash delivery is 1/2 below that fixed a week ago.

BANKS

**HONGKONG & SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION.**

“Embassy”

NO. 77.

W. D. & H. O. WILLS'S EMBASSY.

NOW SOLD

In neat Tins Containing

25

CIGARETTES.

Convenient for the Pocket.

ASK YOUR TOBACCONIST FOR A TIN OF

25

“Embassy”

NO. 77.

THIS ADVERTISEMENT IS ISSUED BY THE
BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO CO., LTD.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

GEO. P. LAMMERT.

AUCTIONEER, APPRAISER AND SURVEYOR.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction on

SATURDAY,

the 7th. July, 1917,
commencing at 10.30 a.m.
at his Sales Rooms, Duddell
Street.

A Large Quantity of Black &
Brown Gent's Boots and Shoes,
Tennis boots and shoes, Canvas
boots and shoes, slippers, Ladies'
Black and Brown shoes, Socks
and Stockings, Real Panama
Straw Hats, Silk mufflers,
etc., etc.

On view from Friday, the
6th. instant.

Catalogues will be issued.
Terms:—Cash on delivery.
GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.

THE Undersigned has received instructions from the Liquidators of Messrs. Jebson & Co. in pursuance of an order of the Hongkong Government, to sell by public auction at 12 o'clock (NOON) on TUESDAY the 31st day of July, 1917, at his sales rooms, Duddell Street.

THE VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY situated at The Peak, Hongkong and being Rural Building Lot No. 19.

In One Lot.

The property consists of:—
The piece or parcel of ground and premises known as "Lysholt," 104 The Peak, situated near Mount Gough in the Colony of Hongkong with an area of 124,032 square feet and registered in the Land Office as Rural Building Lot No. 19.

The lot is held for the unexpired residue of a term of 75 years created therein by an indenture of Crown Lease dated the 23rd day of April, 1886.

The Annual Crown Rent is \$85.00.

The further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Wilkinson & Grit-Solicitors for the Liquidators or to the undersigned.

GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.

FOR SALE.

MOTOR CARS, MOTOR CARS
1917 Overland Touring Cars,
6 Cylinder, 7 Seater.

GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Duddell Street,
Hongkong, 13th February, 1917.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

By direction of the Government of Hongkong Messrs. HUGHES & HOUGH have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

ON MONDAY

the 13th day of August, 1917,
at 3 p.m. at their Sales Room,
Ice House Street, Victoria,
Hongkong.

The Following Valuable Leasehold Property situated at Victoria Hongkong Viz:—

ALL THOSE pieces or parcels of ground situated at Victoria aforesaid and known and registered in the Land Office as SECTION A OF MARINE LOT NO. 101 and SECTION B OF MARINE LOT NO. 101. Together with the messuages erections and buildings thereon known as No. 7 Queen's Road Central, Victoria aforesaid—Term 999 years created by a Crown Lease dated the 8th day of April, 1856.

Area in respect of Section A of Marine Lot No. 101—5445 Sq. ft. Proportion of Annual Crown Rent \$84.45.

Area in respect of Section B of Marine Lot No. 101—675 Sq. ft. Proportion of Annual Crown Rent \$6.75.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to

JOHNSON STOKES &
MASTER,

Prince's Buildings,
Ice House Street, Hongkong.

Solicitors for the Liquidators of
THE DEUTSCH ASIATISCHE
BANK.

or to

Messrs. HUGHES & HOUGH,
The Auctioneers,
Hongkong, 5th May, 1917.

MAN LOONG.

FINEST-CLASS PRESERVES, SWEETS
AND SOY MANUFACTURERS.
Factory at Yuenmti

OFFICE: No. 36, Des Voeux Road, W.
Telephone No. 177 & 12.

WE are the leading Manufacturers in
this class of Goods. Our Fruit &
Ginger are all fresh and of the first pick.
Our Syrup is prepared from the best
quality of Sugar. We give our special
attention to the business and sanitary
arrangements.

NOTICES.

MASSAGE.

MR. HONDA.

Trained male Masseuse.
Ten years experience.
Formerly of Tokyo Military
Hospital.

WILL VISIT PATIENTS
RESIDENCES IF
PREFERRED.
NO. 202, QUEEN'S ROAD EAST.

ASAHI BEER.



SOLE AGENTS
Mitsui Bussan Kaisha
Telephone 226 & 124.

POST OFFICE.

IMPORT PROHIBITIONS.

The Public are informed that the undermentioned articles are prohibited from importation into the United Kingdom, either by letter post or by parcel post:—

Gold manufactured or unmanufactured, including gold coin and articles consisting partly of or containing gold; All manufactures of Silver other than silver watches and silver watch cases; Jewellery of any description.

Letters and Parcels containing such articles cannot therefore be accepted for transmission by the Post Office.

FRENCH PARCEL REGULATIONS.

The Public are informed that the new regulations adopted by the French Customs in respect of parcels addressed to France, Corsica and Algeria must fill in the columns of the regular Customs Declaration particularly and exactly, omitting none of the headings comprised therein.

It is furthermore absolutely necessary to show in the aforesaid declaration (1) The full name and address of the addressee (2) A statement as to whether the contents are intended for State supplies or not.

Particulars of outgoing and incoming Mails will not be advertised in future. The Post Office will forward all correspondence posted by the fastest routes.

Correspondence addressed to enemy subjects in China, Siam, Siberia and Portuguese East Africa, Persia and Morocco cannot be transmitted.

The Services to Germany, Austria, Bulgaria and the Ottoman Empire are suspended.

Uninsured parcels for the United Kingdom will in future be forwarded from Hongkong in bags and the Public are therefore advised to pack such parcels very carefully.

LOCAL AND REGULAR MAILS OUTWARD.

Tai O.—Week days, 5 p.m.
Tai Po.—Week days, 10 a.m.; Sundays, 9.30 a.m.
Cheung Chow.—Week days, 2 p.m.
Sha Tsui, Shatin and Sheung Shui.—Week days, 4 p.m.
Aberdeen, Antau, Ping Shan, Sai Kung, Santin and Stanley.—Week days, 4.30 p.m.
Canton, Samshui and Wuchow.—Week days, 7.30 a.m.; Registration 5 p.m.; Let-off 6 p.m.; Sundays, 5 p.m.
Macao.—Week days, 7.15 a.m.; 1.30 p.m.; Sundays, 9 a.m.
Kowloon.—Week days, 6 p.m. Except Saturdays; Sundays, 5 p.m.
Nantau and Samshui.—Week days, 5 p.m.; Sundays, 5 p.m.
Shamshui.—Week days, 10 a.m.; 4 p.m.; Sundays, 9 a.m.

FROM SHEUNGWAN WESTERN BRANCH P.O.

Macao.—Week days, 7.30 a.m.; 1.30 p.m.; Sundays, 9.30 a.m.; Holidays, 7.30 a.m.; 1.30 p.m.
Canton.—Week days, 7.30 a.m.; 3.30 p.m.; Sundays, 9.30 a.m.; Holidays, 7.30 a.m.; 3.30 p.m.
Tai Ping Tung.—Week days, 9.30 p.m.; Sundays, 9.30 p.m.; Holidays, 9.30 p.m.
Shet K.—Week days, 9.30 p.m.; Sundays, 9.30 p.m.; Holidays, 9.30 p.m.
Kowloon.—Week days, 6 p.m.; Sundays, 6 p.m.; Holidays, 6 p.m.
Kumchuk.—Week days, 6 p.m.; Sundays, 6 p.m.; Holidays, 6 p.m.
Kau Tsang.—Week days, 6 p.m. Except Saturdays; Sundays, 6 p.m.; Holidays, 6 p.m.

Ceylon Government and Premium Bonds.

The following article is from the Singapore Free Press of June 8:—At home efforts continue to be made to urge upon the Government action in the direction of issuing premium bonds. At present although there is no evidence of Government opposition to a scheme, nothing has been done and it is even possible the idea may be kept in reserve to form the basis of a gigantic peace consolidation loan scheme. But in other parts of the Empire the premium bond is steadily gaining ground, and the latest place to adopt it is we see Ceylon, where the Government proposes to raise a fifteen million rupee loan in premium bonds at three per cent. interest to be placed at the disposal of the Home Government for war purposes. The bonds are to be issued in valuation of Rs. 50 and it is expected will be widely taken up. Whatever else anyone might say about our late Governor, it is certain no one would dream of accusing him of levity of principle or of pandering to gambling; and it may be assumed, therefore, that he is satisfied that a premium bond scheme is not an encouragement to idleness or loafing.

WEATHER REPORT.

On the 5th at 11.45—No returns from N. China, Japan, or India-China. Pressure has decreased at all reporting stations. A depression appears to be central in the vicinity of Shanghai; an irregular area of low pressure is still indicated to the W. of Pratas Shoal.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.0 inch. Total since January 1st, 29.38 inches, against an average of 41.10 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON TO-MORROW

District.	Forecast.
1 Hongkong to Gap Rock.	S.W. winds, moderate to fresh; fair to cloudy, probably some rain later.
2 Formosa Channel.	The same as No. 1.
3 South coast of China between H.K. and Lamook.	The same as No. 1.
4 South coast of China between H.K. and Hainan.	The same as No. 1.

China Coast Meteorological Register, July 5, a.m.

Station.	Hour.	Barometer.	Temperature.	Humidity.	D'Alon.	Force.	Winds.	Weather.
Vancouver	6a							
Kumuro	5a							
Hakodate								
Tokio								
Kochi								
Nagasaki								
Kagima								
Shima								
Naha								
Ishijima								
Bonin Is.								
Whairae	6a							
Hankow								
Yokang								
Kiukiang								
Changsha								
Shanghai		29.43	79	96	de		1 b	
Goodfellow		29.41	81	92	sw		1 b	
Sharp P.		29.31	82	89	s		1 b	
Amoy	9a	29.32	82	83	w		1 b	
Swatow	6a							
Taihekou	5a	29.34	77	84	nw		2 b	
Taipei		29.61	73		sse		2 b	
Tainan		29.62	77		e		2 b	
Keshun		29.56	81		ww		4 c	
		29.59	79		s		1 c	
Canton	6a	29.61	78	95	ase		4 c	
H'kong		29.60	79	89	ww		2 c	
Gap Rock		29.62			sw		5 c	
Macao		29.59	79	87	ww		4 b	
Wuchow	9a							
Peking								
Holow								
Tientsin	7a							
C. St-J.								
Apurri	6	29.59	77	88	s		2 b	
Dagupan								
Manila		29.68	77	92			0 c	
Legaspi		29.66	77	89	ww		4 c	
Tacloban								
Iloilo		29.71	81	80.	sw		2 c	
Surigao								
G. Zam.		29.32	75				4 b	
Lanuan		29.73	80	95	sw		0 c	